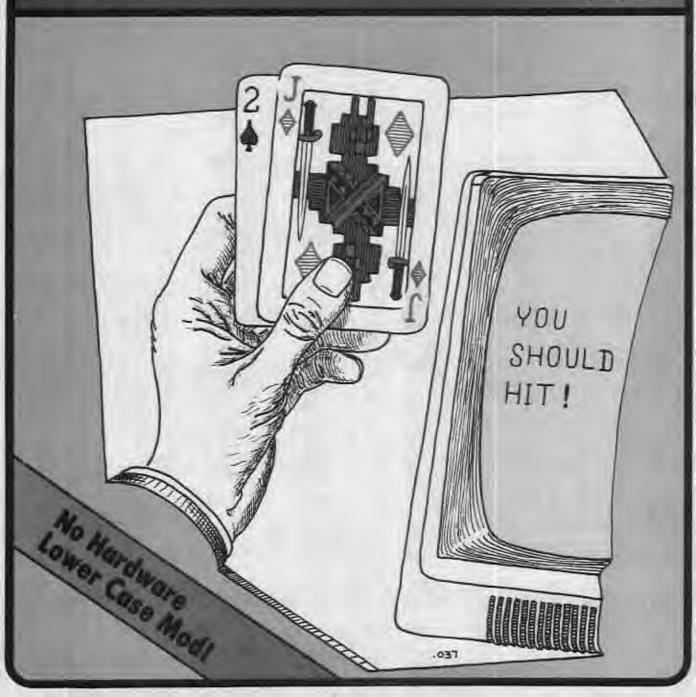
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# 80-US

The TRS-BO Users Journal

Values /L mineral e

July/Aug 1079



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## THE JOURNAL FOR TRS80 Users



## CONTENTS

Volume II, Number 4

**FEATURES** 

The Great Turn On....13 Moving Up to Level II....18

Lifeboat....26

Stock Program....31

Maintaining Editable Lists....37 Renew That Program....42

At the Faire....43

Interfacing the IP 125 .... 44

REVIEWS

NEWDOS+....10

Win 21....21

Z80 Book Review....29

5 Star Treks for TRS80....38

Data Dubber....40

DEPARTMENTS

Random Access/New Products....6

Editorial....7 Letters....8

View from the Top of the Stack....22

Unclassified Ads....23 System/Command....34 Business Computing....36

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# RANDOM ACCESS



#### **NEW SUBSCRIPTION RATES**

Effective with our next issue (Sep-Oct. 79), new rates will be in effect for Canadian and foreign aubscribers. We have been "nice guys" for the past year. but the post office isn't having any of it. so we simply have to pass the cost along - sorry. US RATES WILL REMAIN UN-CHANGED But, you now have the option of a 2 or 3 year hitch with 80-U.S. We didn't offer them before, but since it looks like we are here to stay, - why not? Here are the new rates: US \$16, \$31,545 for one, two and three years 1/2 Canadian \$20, \$39, \$55 for one, two and three years 1/2 all other \$24, \$47, \$68 for one; two and three years. The "all other" are all sent airmail. Canadian are sent first class. Alaska, Hawaii possessions with zip codes may request first class mall and remit payment at the Canadian rate.

#### RENEWALTIME ALREADY!

If the three-letter code at the upper right of your mailing label says "PB9" it means that the Sep-Oct 79 issue will be the last of your subscription. We will be sending one renewal notice (we can't afford to keep buggling you about it like the biggles do). Why not take care of it now, while you're thinking about it, we have some very exciting material planned which you won't want to miss!

#### BACKSPACE

A very large number of our May-Jun 79 issue got out with two pages switched, and on the lead article, no less! Although we caught it before the run was complete, the shortage of paper forced us to send them anyway. Our most sincere apology, and a promise for better quality control by our printer, are extended.

#### **FUNNY LISTINGS**

If you haven't read the Mar-Apr issue, and have some of the new animated/sound programs by Leo Christopherson, you may be in for a surprise when you list them. In short, they don't list like normal programs. Leo uses "String packing", which causes basic control words to appear in the listing. This makes it look exactly like a bad load. The final test of course, is to RUN

them.

#### BACKSPACE

If was called to our attention, shortly after the May-Jun 79 issue was out, that there was a funny looking semicolon in line 400 (page 17). Also that the line didn't seem to make much sense. We checked several copies from early in the run and later, an found an extra speck of something on the early ones, making a comma look like a semicolon. The line should read: 400 IFMN (=TV(I), ONIGOTO etc., etc. The funny semicolon was after the TV(I) and should be a comma, not a semicolon.

#### NEW STAFF MEMBER

If you should call 80-U.S. and hear something other than the editor's usual gruff harumning. If will undoubtedly be the voice of Cathy Shappae, our newest addition to the staff. Please treat her kindly, while she picks up the wierd terminology we are all accustomed to using.

#### 80-U.S. IN EUROPE!

80-U.S. now has a distributor for central Europe. The Journal is being distributed through the Hofacker-Verlag. In Munich, West Germany. Winfried Hofacker, President of Hofacker GmbH, anticipates translating and reprinting several of our previous articles in book form. We are gratified with the reception we are receiving from Europe.

#### BACK ISSUES

As of this writing, (May 79), our supply of back issues is down to a few file copies with the exception of the May-Jun 79 issue (Vol. II, No. 3), which is still in good supply. With any luck our very first issue of Sep-Oct. 78, will be reprinted in our first anniversary issue as a bonus section.

#### **NEW PRODUCTS**

HOUSTON MICRO-COMPUTER TECHNOLOGIES, INC. has recently become a distributor for Centronics Computer Corp., Houston Micro-Computer located at 5313 Bissonnet in Bellaire, Tx., sells, services and trains tisers in operations of Micro-Computers. They feature the entire Centronics Line, including the 700 series, popular with the TRS-80, the P-1 Microprinter, and the 6000 line of band printers.

#### 702'5

SOUTHWEST MODULARS
DEVELOPMENT CORP., P.O. Box 85,
Alva, Ok. 73717 offer "LPRINTING" service. They offer Centronic 702's for
those needing L2 or Disk Basic
programs printed in quick fashion. One
copy of maximum 500 lines for a nominal
charge of \$6.00, additional copies at
\$3.00 each.

#### DATA MANAGER

MICRO ARCHITECT, 96 Dothan St., Arlington, Ma. 02174, has announced the new IDM-III, an INTERACTIVE DATA MANAGER for TRS-80 DOS systems of 32K and up. Priced at \$49.00, the IDM-III provides a general purpose, interactive, simple but yet powerful solution to database management. It contains a data initialization sub-system, a report writer sub-system, report generator and supports both sequential and random access. Write for further information.

#### IT SORTS!

Tired of waiting for a sort to finish? RACET COMPUTES, 702 Palmdale, Orange, Ca. 92665 has one which will sort 1000 element arrays in 9 seconds!! This is part of their GENERALIZED SUBROUTINE FACILITY "GSF", which also has routines to read and write arrays to tape, compress and uncompress data and much more (see ad elsewhere this issue.)

#### PRINTERS AVAILABLE

COMPUTER TEXTILE, 10960 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 1504, Los Angeles, Ca. 90024 have a line of NEW and RECONDITIONED PRINTERS for use with the TRS-80, including the Diablo Daisywheel for use with the TRS-80, including the Diablo Daisywheel and the Gume Sprint 5. The reconditioned Diablo runs at 30 cps and has full graphics capability, in

addition to being a complete I/O device. It sells for \$1995.

#### LOW COST IDEA

NESTAR SYSTEMS has introduced CLUSTER/ONE (TM), a low cost distributed processing alternative to Basic timesharing. The central cluster/one unit (the Queen) connects up to 15 personal microcomputers (the Drones), via a high speed parallel data bus (the ClusterBus). Programs and data files can be shared among the users of CLUSTER/ONE, and permit each basic user to have his own computer, rather than a small share of one central processor. For further technical information contact Nestar Systems, Inc., 430 Sherman Ave., Palo Alto, Ca. 94306 (415)327-0125.

#### PROGRAMS AVAILABLE

SERVICE ENTERPRISES, 2855 Mitchell Dr., Sulte 235, Walnut Creek, Ca. 94598 (415)935-2500 have released a sample of available PROGRAMS FOR TRS-80, both tape and disk programs. Included are general ledger, construction job status, pool building company job tracking, job shop labor/batch distribution and telephone bill accounting and audit.

#### DISK MAILER

We are back to square 1 again (SQUARE 1, 614 eighteenth Ave., Menlo Park, Ca. 94025), this time to look at what they call "floppy-ARMOUR(TM)." It is a tough, light disk maller for 5 inch diskettes. Mails first class for just 41 cents postage and protects your diskettes. Cost per thousand is 47 cents each, un-

der 1000, 60 cents each. Looks like you have the envelope and protection, all in one.

#### UTILITY PROGRAM

THE CPT SHOP, 39 Pleasant St., Charlestown, Ma. 02129, has a utility program called "KVP" written by Lance Micklus which runs under DOS or L2 Basic. Among other things, it allows you to use an external keyboard, eliminate upper and lower case on your screen, and exchange programs written in Basic with other computers. Write (or call 617 242-3350) for more information on this.

#### MONITOR AVAILABLE

If, in the process of programing in machine language for L1, you have been having difficulty due to the fact that T-Bug is coresident with L1 Basic's stack, an inexpensive solution is at hand. It is a monitor called "HI-mon", and resides at the top of memory in L1. Hi-Mon has 5 functions: memory (MODIFY/EXAMINE), JUMP, READ TAPE, WRITE TAPE, and HEX dump. Available only from CONTRACT SERVICES ASSOCIATES, 1846 W. Broadway, Anaheim, Ca. 92804 for \$4.95 postpald (specify 4K or 16K version).

#### DISKETTE SIZE DOUBLED

SQUARE 1. 614 Eighteenth Ave., Menlo Park, Ca. 94025, has what they call a "FLIPPY DISK KIT". With it, you can double the size of your available diskette space. The kit comes with complete instructions, and lets you punch the proper holes (without harming the diskette), so you can use both sides. It is priced at \$9.95 plus \$1.00 shipping.

(Continued on page 35)

# Editorial Remarks

How about that? With this issue we come to the end of our first year. It has been an interesting and exciting year, starting with a 16 page journal (celled 80-NW). The first issue (Sep-Oct 78) was printed on the Radio Shack line printer. Those few ads we carried in the first issue were for the most part, hand drawn. It was, as all issues since have been, like a new baby being born. You wonder each time, if it will have three left feet. (some aimost did!)

At first we thought we would be regional, but then orders came in from Florida, New York and Maine. So, we soon changed the name to 80-US. Yes, we were a "garage" operation, but only for four months. Long about the first of December it became apparent that it had to be full time or forget it. So, it became

full time starting the first day of 1979. Now, we have been half way around the world, and to the west coast computer faire, so we must be committed to what we are doing.

Our thanks to all who support us, especially our advertisers; you made it possible. And our special thanks to Cal, of the International Ribbon House (who has been on the back cover since Issue No. 1). Cal was our first advertiser. One day we asked him to advertise and when he asked how many subscribers we had, we said there were none, yet. He said, "You gotta start someplace", and joined

It has sort of been that way ever since. We seem to be too naive to know it can't be done, so we go ahead and do it! We have had a lot of help, from many people, the regular crew: Tom Rosenbaum and

## 80-U.S.

**JOURNAL** 

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his technical expertise, Leo Christopherson and his unique form of magic, Terry Dettmann and his unbounded energy and output, George Blank, Roy Groth, Kristi Schmidt, Dr. Livingston, Bob Platt, Cathy Shappae, Phil Pitgrim, John Strader, Kathy Huston, Rich Mulkey; and all the others, who help but are not regulars, like Mike Freeman, Tony Pepin and more.

Thanks also to our fine contributors, and a word for them: If you haven't seen your article in print yet, hang on, we are getting bigger and will need all we can get!

The coming year should see us move into larger quarters, perhaps even put some color in the oil mag and maybe even a hard cover? It has been fun, just like it should be, and we are looking forward to even more next year!

# **LETTERS**



Editor.

I was quite surprised and pleased, when my first copy of the JOURNAL arrived in only ten days. I have build the BETTER BYTE BOX (80—US Issue 4) by Ray Thompson. It works great, and wouldn't be without it now. I bought all the parts from Radio Shack, it makes a neat package. I did put the two miniature plugs in side by side, and bought a shielded cable (3 feet long) and went in one plug with the TRS-80 and plugged the other cable into the earphone of the cassette. It works fine, many thanks to Ray.

Charles E. Harper Pittsfield, Ma.

Dear Sir.

Thanks for the copy of 80-US. To a "from scracth" beginner like myself it makes more sense than any I have seen. Please keep a section at least, for the beginner. I don't understand a lot of this new world of language, like double density (could you mean double precision? Ed). I got more from your one copy than from several different "biggles", and don't want to miss a single copy.

Don H. Smith Rockingham, NC

Dear Sirs.

First I want to thank you for the copy of 80-US. It is much better than a glowing description or a promise of an extra issue "if" subscribe. I have a Level II 48K unit and am enjoying it immensely. I have a great deal to learn and think your JOURNAL will help very much.

R. Gook, Jr. Perrysburg, Oh. (We sent out several hundred back issues to those who requested more information via the Reader Service Cards in Kilobaud and Creative Computing, where we had advertised earlier this year. Needless to say, we are as happy with the results as you are. Ed)

Gentlemen.

Thanks for the complimentary copy, it sold me half way thru and I ran the Bowling Program and it was great. Hope to see more in the future. Keep up the good work!

Bob Scaffidi Doylestown, OH

(Thanks Bob! We were beginning to wonder it anyone could get bowling to run properly. Bowling probably generated more mail than any other single article we have done, it's nice to hear it worked for you. Ed)

Dear 80-US.

I found your Jan-Feb 79 issue very informative and outstanding. The View from the Top of the Stack about machine language is very helpful. Also, is it possible togeta listing of ANDROID NIM? After seeing several references to it I would like to see the program to learn more about programing.

Ann Arbor, Mi.

(Android Nim is available from 80-US for \$8.00, see ad elsewhere this issue. When you have taken that apart, you will indeed know something about programing, since it is quite complex, but not impossible. The new version of NIM with sound is even more complex, and because of a new string packing technique, is extremely difficult to decipher. Don't let this stop you though, dig in! Ed.)

Friends,

My friends and I have had so much enjoyment with ANDROID NIM I just have to see what Leo C has come up with in his new programs (Android, Snake Eggs, Lifetwo all with sound). I noticed elsewhere in the Mar-Apr issue an ad for a MEMORY TEST program by Software 80, is this from your shop? Thanks for the past good service and for a great publication?

G.T. Cross Solana Beach, Ca.

(We certainly don't want to take anything away from ANDY, but think that SNAKE EGGS and LIFETWO will eventually top the popularity of ANDY. SNAKE EGGS is running a very close second now, and gaining. This all makes Leo very proud, and keeps us all busy keeping up with the demand.

About Software 80 - they are not us. I also hear thru the grapevine they are no longer in business. Ed.)

Editor.

I am pleased with your publication and look forward to its continued regular arrival. Keep up the good work.

Here is a little programing trick you may wish to pass along. The Nov 78

Newsletter from Radio Shack contained a short program to turn the tape recorder on and off from the keyboard without pulling the plug. Line 110 INPUT" REPOSITION TAPE. PRESS (ENTER) WHEN READY"; As does not work for me. Adding: OUT 255,0 to line 110 does turn off the tape deck very nicely. however, I used the following: 100 INPUT "PRESS (ENTER) TO TURN RECORDER ON "AS OUT 255,4"

110 INPUT REPOSITION TAPE, PRESS (ENTER) WHEN READY AS OUT 255, 0

120 GOTO 100

i also use the following to put a short additional blank apace on certain data recording tapes between recorded data records: 100 OUT 255,4:FOR L = 01o125; NEXTLOUT255.0

Thanks for a good, regular publication

Tom Swalanberg Columbus, OH.

Dear Sir.

I think you should change the name of your fine magazine to: 80-US JJOURNAL

R.O. Thomburg Fomona, Ca.

(Or maybe we should have called it KKKey BBounce! ed.)

80-US.

I just received my issues of 80-US and the one word which describes it is fanfastic!

Also I want to pass along a few tidbits I have come across with my TRS-80. First off, MICROCHESS 1.5 by Pater Jennings can be best in five moves E2-E4, D1-F3, F1-C4, C4-D5 and F3-F7. Although these moves are simple the program deserves a round of appliance.

Second, if you want to disquise a password in a Basic listing use SHIFT and the letter, the letter will print the same, but hold a different value e.g.

10 INPUT 'ENTER PASS COSE",PE 20 IF PE = "80-US" (see note) THEN 30. ELSE 10

30 REM Continue to program

NOTE: The "US in line 10 and 20 both have to be entered with the shift key depressed.

Ted Fisher Danville, II

(Thanks Ted, neat idea that will probably drive someone who doesn't know about it crazy, even after you tell them what he password is. Speaking of Chessthere is an old saw about the guy who says he can play the two best chess players in the world at the same time. If one of them will play black and the other white, he says he can guarantee he will

best at least one or stalemate both He then simply duplicates their moves, and in effect they are playing each other. He can't lose. We have SARGON and have played it on two TRSSO's that way, it seems that while always wins on the 30th move, but there are some interesting situations which develop along the way I am a less than fair chaps player and have only managed to best SARGON once in about a dozen games, it was looking ahead 2 moves and I trapped its king on the 19th move. The king fell over Ed.!

Mike.

Just want to say thanks for another great issue. Are you sure we can't talk you into going monthly in the near future?

I enjoyed your article on page 31 of Mar Apr 79 entitled "The Magic of Leo C" Do you suppose that 80-US could persuade Leo into sharing some of his techniques. Let's further the art of good programing. like those produced by the Magic of Mr. C.

I also wish to let you know that I have purchased a Heathkit H14 printer (kit) and plan to interface if to my TRS80 and would you be interested in hearing of my endeavor and how it all turns out?

Dennis L. Guerin Bloomington, MN

(By all means, Dennis! That is what we thrive on, render input, and since we are still trying to be a profit making organization, we pay for that type of article- and you profit too!

By now you have undoubtedly received your May June 80-US, and as you can see, we did persuade Leo to tell us about his string packing technique. And in this very issue he details he evolution of fast graphics, from SET with a FOR NEXT loop to his "quick turn on" graphics. As a bonus, he tells all about using LPRINT or NAME as a vector to machine language routines.

About going monthly-we hope to do that someday. If just isn't possible yet. The reasons are simple: Twice the cost rand quantity) of articles, twice the cost of printing and mailing, twice the cost for people to do it- and only one half the time to do it in. All this at the same price per subscription, too (which is already considered rather high by some). What we are doing is to get larger issues; note most of the May-Jun lasue was in 8 point type instead of 10 point. After some time we may go to 10 issues per year, leaving out July and August. At the rate we are growing, it may be sooner than we think, bear with us awhile and see Ed.)

Dear Sir.

The thought has been on my mind lately to build an interface which would

allow the TRSB0 to read Bar Code of the "Paperbyte" (TM) type through its cassette input port. Of pourse this wouldn't be of much use unless someone was publishing bar code fistings of their programs. The next thought was to develop a system using one of the new printers which has the ability to prior with high resolution by using a multiple pass 7 dot print head. This system would take a basic or machine language program listing and produce camera ready machine readable bar code. If might be best to produce the original at 2X to insure high resolution and then reduce it for linal copy, I feel this system could be based on any micro so why not the '807 it would probably need the storage of a disk or two. Then all the fine publications could arrive at a standard, or better yet have those who produce the system, establish a standard bar code language. Each systems bar code reader noftwars could interpret the common code into the language the particular machine understands. There will have to be a general system configuration for different types of programs, but that shouldn't be too difficult to work out.

But to start Basic, let's get this idea up and running on the TRS80. After all, computers are supposed to remove the mundane from our lives. Sitting at a keyboard for hours on end entering and debugging programs that have already been entered and debugged is a waste of human creative intelligence. Having to buy a cassatte of each program is a waste of cassettes and why shouldn't the next generation of micros have this capability in the same way most now have the ability to deal with cassettes? Seems right to me, what is your opinion? If anyone wants to invest in this idea. please let me know-it shouldn't be hard

to make this idea fly.

M. Feater III 388 Spring ST. Newport, RI 0 2640

(Sounds good, Murray, but first let's find out why Byte Magazine was so hot for it a couple of years back and has since apparently dropped it. At the risk of sounding trite, there is no use "Re-inventing the same Wheel", especially when we can find out beforehand that the wheel is prone to having flat tires. On the other hand, maybe when Byte did their "Paperbyte" Its time had just not come. Let's hear from anyone with ideas on this subject. Even if it were only compatible with the '80, it would still represent one huge chunk of the computer population. If it is true that those who wield the biggest club, call the shots, we should be in a good position. But, let's call those shots with care and as much visibility as we can get. Ed.)

# NEWDOS+

T. Dettman Associated Editor

Radio Shack's DOS 2.1 has been full of minor errors for which correction is promised. Now, APPARAT, Inc. of Denver, Colorado, has come out with NEWDOS + , not just a new DOS, but a whole system of utilities for the Disk System user.

NEWDOS itself includes a large number of improvements over DOS 2.1. Despite this, it is essentially the same as DOS 2.1. However, some of the changes make it incompatible with DOS 2.1 modules. To load the system, you must boot the system with the NEWDOS disk, not simply change disks.

The major changes included in NEWDOS are:

Add command DIRCHECK to test and list a disk directory Expands validity checks to most operations disk write automatically Disables all passwords checks Adds a 50ms key debounce routine Adds screen display printout when the 'JKL' keys are pressed simultaneously Adds on 'OPEN "E" I function to BASIC which lets you write to a file starting at the end of the file Fix the APPEND command in DOS Add the capability to turn off the 'invisible' attribute with the AT-TRIB command Adds to BASIC the capability in LISTing to use period (.) to list the current line,down arrow to list the next line, up arrow to list the last line, shift up arrow to fist the first line,shift down arrow to list the last line, comma (,) to adit the current line Adds the capability to FORMAT a disk that has data already on it

Adds the capability to execute

DOS commands using the CMD

Changes I/O to sector type to

function from BASIC

speed up BASIC LOAD and SAVE operations. FORMAT and BASIC may be executed from DOS READY with a single line containing all parameters. COPY is expanded to handle all disk copying requirements including BACKUP A REF command has been added to BASIC to list a reference list of all variables used in a program. A RENUM command has been added to BASIC to allow program renumbering conveniently from L. E, or D may be used in place of

In addition to the added capabilities above, NEWDOS also makes many minor changes of interest primarily to systems programers, but all of them correct minor errors from DOS 2.1

LIST, EDIT, or DELETE

If you buy NEWDOS with the PLUS (+) you also get the best TRS80 utilities available. These

include:

An improved DISKDUMP program The Radio Shack Editor-Assembler modified for Disk I/O A Level I BASIC that will execute in the DOS enviornment with a program to store Level | Basic programs on disk! A Disassembler that will work on eitner disk modules or programs in memory A program to offset load modules so they can execute from disk Apparat's SUPERZAP, a program that allows you to look at and modify disks or memory directly!

The figures included with this text show some of the capabilities of the system.

#### AN EVALUATION

NEWDOS had only recently been released, (Continued on page 12)

DISKDUMP/BAS BASIC1/CMD DIRCHECK/CMD DISASSEM/CMD LMOFFSET/CMD EDTASM/CMD LV1DSKSL/CMD BASCON/BAS AUTOEDIT/CMD SUPERZAP/BAS

DOS READY DIRCHECK OUTPUT TO PRINTER? Y WHICH DRIVE CONTAINS TARGET DISKETTE? 0

NEWDOS+ 03/15/79

```
1 EXTS 5 SECTORS
AUTOEDIT/CMD
                  EOF = 1/193
                                  2 EXTS 10 SECTORS
                 EOF = 6/231
BASCON/BAS
            I
                                 2 EXTS
                                         20 SECTORS
BASIC/CMD
                 EOF = 19/119
                                  3 EXTS
                                          20 SECTORS
BASIC1/CMD
BOOT/SYS
                 EOF = 19/0
            SIP=6 EOF = 5/0
                                  1 EXTS 5 SECTORS
                                  1 EXTS 5 SECTORS
                  EOF = 4/253
            IP=6
COPY/CMD
                                 EXTS
DIR/SYS SIP=5 BOF = 10/0
                                         10 SECTORS
                  EOF = 12/236
                                 3 EXTS
                                          15 SECTORS
DIRCHECK/CMD
                 EOF = 19/134
                                          20 SECTORS
DISASSEM/CMD
                                 1 EXTS 10 SECTORS
                 EOF = 9/242
DISKDUMP/BAS
                                 1 EXTS
                                          35 SECTORS
                 EOF = 31/154
EDTASM/CMD
                                  1 EXTS
                                          15 SECTORS
FORMAT/CMD
            IP=6 EOF = 14/8
                                 1 EXTS
                                          10 SECTORS
LMOFFSET/CMD
                  EOF = 6/224
LV 1DSKSL/CMD
                  EOF = 2/141
                                  1 EXTS
                                          5 SECTORS
                                          55 SECTORS
                  EOP = 53/170
                                 3 EXTS
SUPERZAP/BAS
SYSO/SYS SIP=7 EOF = 12/93
                                 1 EXTS 15 SECTORS
           SIP=7 EOF = 4/142
                                          5 SECTORS
                                  1 EXTS
SYS1/SYS
           SIP=7 EOF = 4/236
                                  1 EXTS 5 SECTORS
SYS11/SYS
           SIP=7 EOF = 4/164
SIP=7 EOF = 3/9
                                 1 EXTS
                                          5 SECTORS
SYS12/SYS
                                 1 EXTS 5 SECTORS
SYS13/SYS
                                 1 EXTS 5 SECTORS
           SIP=7 EOF = 4/52
SIP=7 EOF = 4/76
SYS2/SYS
SYS3/SYS
                                 1 EXTS
                                          5 SECTORS
                                  1 EXTS 5 SECTORS
           SIP=7 EOF = 4/186
SYS4/SYS
            SIP=7 EOF = 4/203
SYS5/SYS
                                          15 SECTORS
                                  1 EXTS
           SIP=7 EOF = 13/33
SYS6/SYS
```

8 FREE GRANULES. 0 LOCKED-OUT GRANULES.

NEWDOS+ DIRECTORY CHECK & LIST COMPLETED.

(Note the Directory is listed in alphabetical order. Also THE AUTOEDIT/CMD is not normally part of NEWDOS+, it is AUTOKEV and QEDIT adapted for disk. Note also that the file extensions are given, and that disk space is now given in Sectors rather than in GRANS. The above listing was obtained by using the JKL function of NEWDOS. SYS11.12 and 13 are NEWDOS additions. SYS11 executes Basic direct command "RENUM" SYS12 executes Basic direct command "RENUM" SYS12 executes Basic direct command "REF". SYS13 displays

(Continued from page 10)

but it has already proven itself to be the best operating system now available for the TRS80. The capabilities provided in NEWDOS are a significant improvement over what Radio Shack now provides. The capabilities most used are the RENUM and the CMD execution from BASIC. They give the flexibility only dreamed of before (though I still miss the MAT commands from other BASIC dialects).

The utilities added with the PLUS maintain the high quality of the rest of the package. Anyone who has labored over the old Editor Assembler, limited to tape I/O even after he has his disk system, will appreciate in particular the improved EDTASM. The convenience of not only executing the program from disk, but keeping the assembly programs there as well as the assembled files will tickle you to the pink.

In short, if you have a disk system and you

don't have NEWDOS, you are operating at less than the maximum capability now available. If you are still using the old EDITOR ASSEMBLER, you are putting up with less than your disk system can give you. If you don't have SUPERZAP, you don't have the ability to look at and modify disk files in a convenient fashion. New improvements MAY come out any day, but we don't know of any just now. If you are waiting for something better, you may have a long wait. NEWDOS+ may well become the "standard" TRS80 DOS.

NEWDOS and NEWDOS + are svallable from Miller Microcomputer Services, 61 Lake Shore Road, Natick, Ma. 01760. NEWDOS (without the utilities) is \$49.95 and NEWDOS + is \$99.00; add \$1 to either for shipping and handling, and Ma. residents add 5% tax. We strongly recommend the "plus" version, the utilities are outstanding.

#### NOTES ON BASIC

A little known page in the Level if manual (but a very valuable one if you use its suggestions), in page 11/1. It is loaded with tips for saving memory space. For example, if you are going to call a routine from different places in a

program, then a GOSUB is the most atfectent means for enturing the routine, but if the call will always come from the same place, then a GOTO is more efficient is savings of 6 bytes).

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## THE GREAT TURN ON

Leo Christopherson Tacoma, Wa.

As promised in our last issue, Leo has finally consented to recount for us the trials and tribulations of getting from SET and POINT graphics to such wonders as: Android Nim, Snake Eggs, et al. Hang on to your hats, while the "Guru of Graphics" takes us down the road the THE GREAT TURN ON.

Ever since I began programing my TRS80, I have been obsessed with a desire to see most of the screen turn on quickly. I've always felt there must be some use for this, although I'll have to admit I've never really needed a white screen which got that way quickly. Nevertheless, you may be heartened to hear of the twists and turns which led me to success. If nothing else, it shows what a very versatile machine we possess.

FOR NEXT LOOP

Of course, my quest began with the FOR-NEXT loop and SET POINT commands. That one goes something like this:

10 CLS

20 FOR Y = 0 TO 47: FOR X = 0 TO 127: SET (X,Y): NEXT X,Y

30 GOTO 30

As a first try, it was somewhat encouraging, but far too slow (about 45 seconds).

USING CHR\$(191)

The next idea was to use CHR\$(191) to turn the whole print area on in each of the 1024 positions. That looks like this:

10 CLS

20 FOR X=0TO1023:PRINT@X,CHR\$(191);; NEXT X

30 GOTO 30

Not only was this also too slow (about 10 seconds), but it bumps the screen up at the end.

Then came the approach as suggested in the Level II Manual:

10 CLS

20 FOR X = 15360 TO 16383:POKE X, 191:

30 GOTO 30

This one looks pretty good, it certainly works...but it still takes too long, (about 7 seconds).

STRINGS

When I first saw the STRING\$ () command, I thought this might do the trick:

10 CLS:CLEAR 64

20 X\$ = STRING \$(64, CHR\$(191))

30 FOR X = 0TO960 STEP 64:PRINT@ X,X\$;:
NEXT X

40 GOTO 40

This works faster, (about 0.6 seconds), but again, it jumps the screen up at the end. A second version of this one takes advantage of the potential string length of 255 bytes.

10 CLS:CLEAR255

20 X\$ = STRING\$(255,CHR\$(191))

30 FOR X = 1to4:PRINT X\$;:NEXT X

40 GOTO 40

This one also runs in about 0.6 seconds, but it leaves a small corner at the bottom right of the screen. This could be patched in, but I felt 0.6 seconds just wouldn't do anyway.

USR(0)

Sweet success has finally come in the form of a USR(0) machine level routine; LD-BC/16/64/LDHL/0/60/LDA/191/LD(HL),A/INC,HL/DJNZ/252

LDB/641DEC, C/JRNZ/247/RET. When the Z80 hex codes for the above commands have been converted to decimal so that they may be used in Level II Basic, the routine looks like this: 1/16/64/33/0/60/62/191/119/35/16/252/6/64/13/32/247/201. Now watch carefully! We say in basic:

10 X\$ = CHR\$(1) + CHR\$(16) + CHR\$(64) + CHR\$
(33) + CHR\$(0) + CHR\$(60) + CHR\$(62) + CHR\$
(191) + CHR\$(119) + CHR\$(35) + CHR\$(16) +
CHR\$(252) + CHR\$(6) + CHR\$(64) + CHR\$(13) +
CHR\$(32) + CHR\$(247) + CHR\$(201)
20 X1 = PEEK (VARPTR(X\$) + 1):X2 + PEEK
(VARPTR(X\$) + 2): POKE 16526,X1:POKE 16527,X2

Now we are ready to go. Any time in the program where the screen is to be turned on, just

Insert X = USR(0) and on it comes!

The first three commands load register C with a 16 count, to count the 16 rows on the screen, and register B with 64 for the 64 character positions in each row. The next three commands load the HL register pair with the address of the first position of the video memory. The next two commands load the A register with 191 which is the "All On" graphics character. The next command places the 191 in the first (or next) video memory position. The next command increments the HL address to the next memory position. The DJNZ/252 subtracts 1 from register B and if the result is not zero, jumps back to the LD(HL). A command. When B is zero, (and 64 191's have

been set across the screen,) the next ...ree commands count down by 1 the number of rows left, reset register B to 64, and if the number of rows left in register C is not zero, jump back to the LD(HL),A command. When the last row has been done, the subroutine drops back into Basic with the RET command.

Line 10 actually creates a string, the elements of which are the machine level commands. Line 20 uses the VARPTR(\$) command to locate the beginning address of that string in memory. Then this address is poked into the address bytes of the USP(0) command.

of the USR(0) command.

#### USING NAME INSTEAD OF URS(0)

An even more elegant method to turn on the screen involves the "NAME" command which is built into Level II Basic but is not used. It may be appropriated for one's own use. Even in DOS this command is thus far not used, and remains available. Thus, the "NAME" command may be used as a vector to one's machine level programs, much as USR(0) in Level II may be used. But, unlike USR(0), the NAME command remains useable in DOS as well as Level II, (USR(0) will not work in Disk Basic, instead it uses USRx(X), where x = an integer between 0 and 9. The two USR functions are not compatible)

Two things must be observed: (1) the beginning address of the machine level routine must be POKED into the NAME location and (2) the programer must be sure to preserve the content of the HL register pair and restore this content just before exiting the machine level routine.

This last time around for the "turn on" routine, I will also illustrate embedding the subroutine as a string within the Basic program. This serves two major purposes. The first is that with the subroutine embedded in the Basic program as a string, no extra space is needed at the end of memory for a'built-up" string, as was the case in the previous "turn-on" example using CHR\$()+. Space is saved, in that all the "CHR\$ ( )+" business is not needed. Time is also saved, since when running the program the string does not have to be "put together" from CHR\$() commands. Only the string's address needs to be recorded in memory. The second important advantage here is that the machine level routine may now be placed near the beginning of the Basic program. This is important if you wish your program to run in both level II and Disk Basic. The Disk Basic takes up a fair amount of the 16K and in a lengthly program, may cause the "CHR\$( )" type of routine to be pushed beyond the first 16K of memory. This results in a memory addressing problem which make Disk Basic and Level II addressing imcompatible. So, as long as the "NAME" command points to a string address in about the first 5K of your program, the routines will work in both Level II and Disk Basic.

Now, on to the details of the great turn on. The first thing to do is to prepare a dummy string to

hold memory bytes open for the machine level routine. Since the turn on routine now has 21 bytes, we will set X\$ eaual to 21 periods (or any other character except the quotation mark, which is ASCII 34). A "34" would be read by the machine as the end of a string. And, by the way, the ZBO command "34D"D or "22"H, which is "LD(NN),HL", may not be used, and care must be taken so that addresses to be called, jumped to or pointed to will not contain a "34"D byte. Also, "0" may not be used, since this would look like the end of a line to Basic II. This rules out the ZBO command "0" or NOP. If a register has to have a "0" loaded from the subroutine, a "1" may be loaded, then the register may be decremented.

we have to be able to tell the machine where to find that first byte beyond the quotation mark which will be the first command of the machine level suboutine. Here we again use the "VAR-PTR()" command. LINE 20 X1 = PEEK(VARPTR (X\$) + 1):X2 = PEEK(VARPTR(X\$) + 2):X0 = X2"
256 + X1. X1 is the decimal value of the least significant byte of the address of the first byte of the string and X2 is the decimal value of the most significant byte. Thus, X0 is the complete decimal address of the first element of X\$.

The next job is to load this dummy string with the actual machine level values we wish to have there. A data line is set up with the decimal values for the machine routine. LINE 1000 DATA 229,1,16,64,33,1,60,45,62,191,119,35,16,252, 6,64,

13,32,247,225,201

(Notice there are now more bytes in the turnon routine. The first byte, 229, is PUSH HL and
the next to the last byte is 225, or POP HL. These
two commands preserve the content of the HL
register pair, the need for which was already
mentioned. The HL bytes are PUSHED onto the
stack until needed, when they are POPED back
into HL. The other change occurs in the sixth and
eight bytes. Here we have to have a "0" in the
register L to complete the starting address of the
screen, but we can't actually have a "0" in the
string, as was mentioned before. So a "1" is
loaded in L and L is decremented)

Next we set up a FOR-NEXT loop to POKE the DATA values into X\$, LINE 1010 RESTORE: FOR N = 0TO22:READ D:POKEX0+N,D:NEXT N:STOP This line will POKE each successive byte of data into X\$, beginning from X0 which is

the address of the beginning of X\$.

At this point, all that remains to be done is to work up X = USR(0), or NAME, or perhaps LPRINT"0"; to vector in on X\$ when called. To use USR(0) we would POKE 16526,X1 and POKE 16527,X2. ThenX = USR(0) would be used to call the subroutine. To use LPRINT"0" we would POKE 16422,X1 and POKE 16423,X2. Then LPRINT"0" would be used to call the subroutine. USR(0) has problems, as mentioned earlier, if the program is to run in both

80-U.S. JOURNAL JULY/AUG 1979

Level II and Disk Basic. And LPRINT"0" can lead to a curious problem because of an echoed or repeated call of the subroutine when one breaks out of the program. Also, LPRINT"0" redirects the line printer driver to your subroutine and the printer will no longer work unless the original address is put back into locations 16422 and 16423.

So NAME looks best, since it has proven to have no serious drawbacks. For NAME to be used we would POKE 16783,X1 and POKE 16784,X2. Then just the command "NAME" is used to call the subroutine. We will add a LINE 30 POKE 16783,X1:POKE 16784,X2. At this point the NAME command is ready to go. Insert it in your Basic program whenever you need the screen to turn on. (of course, the program will have had to run once through lines 10 to 30 to set up the addresses for X1, X2 and NAME. You may have noticed that variables are lost during an EDIT or at the command RUN and must be recalulated.)

After the string has been packed, lines 1000 and 1010 may be deleted, since the machine level routine in X\$ will record on tape or disk right along with the rest of the Basic program. The string will not have to be done again. Also, the X0 = X2\*256 + X1 may be dropped from the end of line 20. So the whole program looks like

this:

10 X\$ = "....."

20 X1 = PEEK(VARPTR(X\$) + 1):X2 = PEEK(VARPTR

(X\$) + 2); X0 = X2\*256 + X1

30 POKE 16783,X1:POKE 16784,X2

1000 DATA

229,1,16,64,33,1,60,45,62,191,119,35,16,252,6,64,

13.32.247,225,201

1010 RESTORE: FOR N = 0TO20:READ D:POKE

X0 + N,D:NEXT N:STOP

To test the routine you might set up something like this:

100 FOR N = 1TO 100:NEXT N:NAME

110 FOR N = 1TO 100:NEXT N:CLS

120 GOTO 100

These lines, in addition to the previously set up lines 10 to 30, will cause a repealing on/off blinking of the screen. When the program is listed line 10 looks like this:

10 X\$ = "PEEK@ IX-XUSINGW#

Things look strange since the Basic is trying to list values less than 30 and greater than 127. That "PEEK" is the command "PUSH, HL" or 229. The "1" and "16" don't list at all. The "@" is the "64", and so on. Certain control characters can cause the listing to roll or "hop" when encountered. But, it all works when "RUN", so long as "0" and "34" are not in the string.

I feel sure that there are other routines in machine level which will do the job too, and perhaps more efficiently, but at least this one certainly works. And, - I proved to the machine

just who is the boss...! think-

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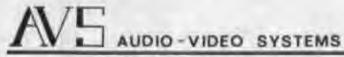
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Here is a representative example of what to expect if you are converting from Level i to il. it may also provide a quick review for you "seasoned oldtimers", as well as a bit of nostalge.

Sooner or later every Level I user feeth the need to have the Level II conversion done to his TRS-80. Marketing aside, there is only so much that you can do in Level I before you need the advanced capabilities of Level II. Every Level I user teels restricted at some time by having only 2 string variables and no string array capability, he expansion possible to disk or line printer and little formating capability. All of these possibilities make the Level I owner haunt the store waiting for his new Level II package hoping that it will be a cure-all (it isn't, but that is a subject for another article).

Bince every Level I owner will probably move up to Level II. If would be useful to know some of the pittalls in shifting to Level II. What can go wrong when making the conversion, and how can you prevent some of the problems from stopping you cold? Let's take a look at the problems I had. You may come up with some new ones, but you will likely run into most of these.

My problems started out when I first decided to step up to Level II, I had read that Lavel II had no abbreviations. This was something I thought I could practice. Don't do it! Much to my embarrasament, I found that the nonabbreviated words in Level I don't always match those in Level II, and what was more important, the tape conversion routine supplied to convert Level I to Level II didn't change anything but abbreviations. So in Level I, I was practicing "PRINT AT", but the conversion tape didn't change this to the proper Lavel II form: "PRINT @" So there I was, many of my programs would not run because of translation problems, which would have been solved had I not been so anxious to get ready.

Once my system came, my wife didn't see me for a week, I spent all of it locked in my study with the computer, trying out all the nice new commands. I tearned the language fest, but also ran into one problem after another. It turned out that despite my efforts to "un-learn" Level I abbreviations. I still programed them into my Level II programs with alarming frequency. This led me to an immediate familiarity with another major difference in Level II, the error codes. From now on the computer only gives you are error code ("SN" ERROR to an old buddy of

mine - it's a syntax or spailing error) and s line number. They showed us where the error was in Level I, but since you are now more experienced, they thought it wasn't sporting to give you too much information. They added more detail about what the error was and removed information on where it is. When you have a long line which has several statements in it. finding one syntax error in it can give you grey hair rather quickly unless you took care to program with debugging in mind. Even then, as a corollary to Murphy's Law, I might suggest that it is a proven fact that any error pointed out by the computer in Level It is in all probability so obvious that you look straight at it for five minutes without realizing it is wrong. Untill I got to know the error codes, I put a copy of them from the Level II manual by the computer for easy reference.

Which brings us to the subject of the munual. David Linn's Level I manual was a rawel. If ted us through Basic as simply as can be. The Level II manual is another story aitogether. Don't expect to be able to read the Level II manual, it len't that kind of book. In fact it is set up as more of a reference manual which you can go to after you already know how to program in Level II. In other words, to use the book at all, you have to have already learned the material so you can find it and use it! To say the book needs. work is an understatement. When you expand your system even further, you will find that the book will not expand with it. In fact, the marcuais for the equipment you will add in the future will be even less readable. That is not too bad II you happen to be an old computer buff and know your way around, but the average user will not be able to get

anywhere without affort.
The handlest thing I found was going through the book and trying each command in as many ways as I could think of to see what the limitations were.

Most of the recurring problems in converting to Level II were not with programing, they were with converting Level I lapes to Level II with the conversion program. In Level I, I used the expression "TAB (10),A" in my print statements, but the comma (sn't taken out by the conversion program and Level Il given a syntax error when it is there. Until I found that comma, my graphics which relied on TAB's just didn't work right on Level II. Also, if you are in the habit of leaving spaces between the "TAB" command and the parensile, TAB (19) instead of TAB(19), you will get a "BS" error (subscript out of range). You can apend all day looking for an array, or correcting one that happens to be on the same line before you find that it is not the array at all.

Since ( didn't have a printter on which to list programs, the best way to debug the programs was to run them right after conversion, and force them to take each option available. In this way when I came to an error, the program stopped at the line, gave me an

T. Dettman Associate Editor

# MOVING UP TO LEVEL II

error code, and let me its it Starling execution again took me to itin next error. Continuing this process allows one to clear the program of errors prior

to CSAVEing the program.

I found the data conversion tape provided to be just too much bother to even try. For a very short data tape, it would probably work OK. But I had some rather large data files on tape, and the conversion program requires that you reed in one data record, remove the tape, put in a new data labet, moord the data record, remove the new tape, put to the old tape, read in another data record, and so on. This was just too much rediculousment to bear I was able to reconstruct my data tapes (saler by typing them in from the seyboard).

A clearly noted problem is the matter of tape recorder volume, especially during tape conversions Level II tapes are recorded and read at a lower volume setting (45 for Level II, compared to 7-8 for Level D. This means that you must change the recorder setting before each tape. If the recorder is set too low Decause you just recorded a Level II tape, and you try to read in a Level I tape, the conversion program will not indicate an error, but when you list the program you will get garbage. You can handle the problem in two ways: one is to modify the conversion routine to tell you to check the recorder netting, the other is simply to make a sign for your TRS-RD which says "RECORDER VOLUME" Once you have finished with the convensions, you will rapidly become accustomed to the proper Level II settings for the recorder.

Be sure to med the tape conversion book before trying a conversion. The last few lines in the conversion routine section tell you how to load the conversion tape so you can execute it for more than one. Level I tape (that's what the "MEMORY SIZE?" question is forfi. An experimnced Level II user finds the trivial, but when converting from Level I, the problem is a real one.

Once you have completed your first tape conversion, you are in for another surprise Since you have programed Level I, you probably didn't pay much atterriton to the "LIST" command when you went through the reference manual. So you want to sen the program you just converted and you type "LIST" press enter. Stand by for a good show and watch the program statements fly by at a rate which prevents reading them. Level II does not page fire liatings or allow single stopping instead, just typing "LIST" will cause the lines to run by it turns out that there are two useful ways to stop the listing so you can see it. The first (and nicest) is to press "SHIFT m", which stops the execution of any command including a list, and causes the display to freeze. You can restart the list by pressing any key, it seems to work best if you keep two fingers set on the right side shift key and the or key. Proces whift all the time, and press a testart and etop the display. You can the list a amail portion of the program (say lines 100 to 200) by typing "LIST 100-200". This will list city those times. Be careful though, the screen lists only 16 lines, if there are more than that between 100 and 200, you will only see the list lines. The system also prints a "READY" After the last line, so make room for that when you choose the range of lines.

If you lieve only programed in Level I Basic, it will take actus time to get used to the array capability in level it it is a powerful way to store and use numbers. However, the limit time you one a large proper than 11) array or convert one from Level I, you will not directly into a new statement (and a new error code), the DIM" statement. With Level II you have to tell the computer to set aside space for arrays larger than 11 elements To do this you put the maximum number of elements in a dimension statement. If it's this. DIMA(100)

which tells the computer to leave 100 apaces for array A. If you don't do this and you ask to put something in array apace 11 or higher, you will get BS error.

String space is also a problem in Level II. The computer makes 50 spaces of string space available automatically, but If you are going to need more, you have to execute a "CLEAR" statement. To do this, you decide how much string space you will need and then execute CLEAR1000" for asiample, to clear 1000. memory locations for strings. Be careful to put this elatement before all other statements in your program. If you put it after a dimension statement or after you have values alpred in memory, you will lose the dimensions or the values since "CLEAR" wipes memory clear. If you pul a clear statement in the middle of a program, you will be stopped at the first calculation after the clear.

The first facility i runned to try when I got my Level II system was the AUTO line numbering. Just think, this computer would keep track of my line numbers. The one thing which is not really pointed coil is that the line you type in is not there in program memory until you his enter. If you type a line and then his break to end the auto function, you will lose the last time. When you use "AUTO" to insert lines maide a program, an "" will appear to tell you a fine already usuals with that number. If you liken this BREAK, the old line will still be there.

If you use graphics, you will have to get used to the acress limits on Level II. In Level I you could write graphics which wrapped around its acress, but it is veil II it will get you midther error cords (FC lilegal Function Call). You will need to reprogram any effects which rely on the wrap around ecreen.

Speaking of graphics, everyone with Level II should run the program on Page C/2 of the manual II shows you the capability of the graphics blocks with CHR\$ and ASCII characters.

From the very start, get yourself into the habit of verifying your tapes using the "CEOAD?" capability. Level 1 filled than a way to do this. CEOAD? gives you

confidence that your tapes will be good.

If any of your programs are designed to run at steps inside the program, allowing you to set variables before you execute, or if you check out program operation by running steps until you find an error and then sunning from the point where the error occured, you will be in for a shock in Level II, each time you type "FILIN", the system automatically executes a "CLEAR" and resets all variables to zero. You can get around this in several ways. First, you can build in error checking routines at standard locations which assume variables are set to zero. These routines can establish the variables they need, and then check out your program execution as desired You can also resume execution of the program without losing your variables by executing a "GOTO" in command mode. directing execution to the step you want to begin at. You can even atop a program in execution, modify some variables, and then execute a "GOTO" to whatever place you wish to restart execution.

Still another uneful feature in Level II is the TRACE capability which you get by executing "TRON". When you start a trace, it lints the line numbers as they execute in the program. You can use the statement inside a program or in command mode. Once started, it will not alop until "TROFF" is essecuted. You can follow the execution of loops in a program, or follow the path of logic through a series of ateps to see just how your program logic handles a condition. Be carreful though, it fills up the screen very tast when you have a large loop with the trace on.

The last capability of Level II I want to mention is the Editor. This one feature of the system will get more use than any other Neerly every program will have types or outright errors to correct and the EDIT made is the right way to do the corrections. I found that in changing that I became locked into a small set of inatroctions which I must repeatedly. For example, I started using the "9" and "H" commands frequently enough to remember them "S" does a search, "H" deletes the rest of the line and puts you into the insert mode. After a while, I found myself using "S" to skip to the and of the line by making it to search for a lotter I knew was not in the line. Then I would press "H" (even though "I" for inpert, would have been more logical). This process is inefficent, since a single command, "X", will automatically accompiles this. I decided that it would be a good idea to list the commands and a one line description on a sheet of paper, placed near the computer for easy

Every day I learn incre about Level II. I think you will find your conversion to Level II to be number to mine. full of large and amail errors, goots, and pienty of practical proofs to one of the coralisties to Murphy's Law, "If everything seems to be going well, you have obviously overlooked samething." You will also terms for of for with Level its.

#### A note on disk basic

Level II BASIC is much more efficient than Level I, but there are many things that can be done to improve the efficiency of a program. Page 11/2 in the Level II Manual lists 6 methods for improving program execution speed. If this is important to you, then you should read the page carefully.

The most important method is the use of integers for loop indices (covered in another note), but another very important method for speeding up execution is to use variables instead of constants. in expressions. If turns out that it is faster to find a variable than to convert a constant to the proper form for use in mathematical expressions.

Here are some more interesting routines available to DOS users:

4043 address of the highest usable location in memory 4047 address of the lowest usable location in memory

# **TRS 80**

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#### SOFTWARE REVIEW

WIN 21



тонования поводиния в принципри

The ad said, "What, Another Blackjack Game?!", and that is precisely what i thought the first time I saw it. But hold on! It's not really a game at all it is a complete tutorial program for helping you improve your playing skills.

In the preface to the instruction booklet which coines with this program, the author placed the following:

Sucker: "Is this a game of chance?"

W.C. Fields: "Not the way I play it,

(From W.C. Fleian in "My Little Chickadee".

Well, mid-summer medness and vacation time are upon us. Perhaps you will want to try your luck in Atlantic City or Vegas. This program will help you sharpen your skills at Blacklack. It comes on a 16K Level II tape with a booklet by the author and includes a soltover, 220 page book entitled. "Beat the Dealer", by Edward O. Thorp.

The program is easy to use, and prompts you all the way (see figure 1). There is considerable use of graphics and the cards actually seem to "flip" over on the

Aside from all that though, you can

specify exactly the kind of practice you wish. With or without help from the program. You can play more than just one hand at a time, and with up to 4 decks of cards. You can specify that hole cards be dealt face up, that Blackjacks be turned up immediately upon being dealt, whether or not the dealer show the "Burned" card, and much more. You can practice 4 different types of strategy, with several levels of assistance.

If you are really interested in learning to play. Blackjack to win, you could spend much more than this program costs for a private futor (and the computer won't even enicker at your goods). The program offers both the precision that practicing without coaching lacks, and the infinite patience which no tutor can hope to provide. This does not mean that WIN 21 will permit effortless mastery of the game. But it does mean that your efforts should lead to learning more efficiently.

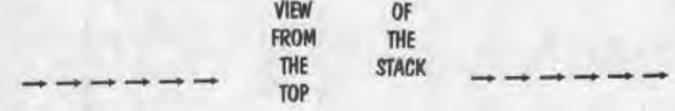
The program, instruction booklet and the book by Dr. Thorp are available from Discovery Bay Software, P.O. Box 464, Port Townsend, WA. 98368. The price is just \$29.00.

WIN21: A PRACTICE AND TUTORIAL PROGRAM FOR WINNING BLACKJACK (C) COPYRIGHT 1979 DISCOVERY BAY SOFTWARE CO. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

- A. HOW MANY DECKS (1, 2, 3, OR 4)7 2
- B. HOW MANY HANDS DO YOU WANT TO PLAY? 3
- C. HOW MANY PLAYERS ON YOUR LEFT? 2
- D. HOW MANY PLAYERS ON YOUR RIGHT? 2
- E. SHALL PLAYERS' HOLE CARDS BE DEALT UP (Y OR N)? Y
- F. SHALL ALL BLACKJACKS IMMEDIATELY BE TURNED UP (Y OR N)? Y
- G. SHALL DEALER SHOW THE BURNED CARD (Y OR N)? Y
- H. MAY ACES BE SPLIT (Y OR N)? N
- I. SHALL DOUBLING DOWN BE WIDE OPEN (Y OR N)? N OKAY. YOU MAY DOUBLE DOWN ONLY ON 10 OR 11.
- J. SHALL INSURANCE BE OFFERED (Y OR N) 7 N
- K. WHICH STRATEGY DO YOU WANT TO PRACTICE?
  - 1. BASIC STRATEGY.
  - 2. FIVE COUNT STRATEGY FOR BET SIZE.
  - 3. SIMPLE POINT COUNT STRATEGY FOR BET SIZE.
  - 4. COMPLETE POINT COUNT STRATEGY.

WELL? ...

Figure 1



T. Rasenbaum Technical Editor

The stack is widely used for temporary storage of the operating registers (AF,BC. DE.HL, IX,IY). When a subroutine in CALLed any information in the operating registers which is required for proper program operation upon returning, must be stored somewhere so that the aubroutine can use the operating registers without bombing the program.

Consider the following example. You have built a program which will transtel 512 bytes of data from one section of memory to another. You have also built a subsoutine which will datect when 256 bytes have been moved and will add 80 (hax) to the last 256 bytes moved. Your program uses the HL register pair to store the address of the current byte. being moved, the DE register to store the address to which the current byte will be moved and the C register to store the value of the current byte. If the contents of the C, DE or HL registers are changed in your subroutine, your main program will bomb when you return to it. You can preyent this by storing the contents of these registes in RAM before executing the subroutine and reloading the registers from RAM before leaving the subroutine. The easiest way to do this is to PUSH the registers onto the stack immediately after you have entered the subroutine, and POP them off just before leaving it. A general example follows:

CALL EUBR

SUBR PUSH AF PUSH BC PUSH DE PUSH HL PUSH IX PUSHIY

(mubroutine code)

POP IV POPIX POPHU POPDE POP BC POPAF HET

The subroutine code may use any of the operating registers without tear of harming the main program. If the subrouting does not use some of the operating registers. It is not necessary to store their value on the stack. However, you must bewere CALLs into the Level II ROM unless you know which registers the Level B ROM authoriting is using

Note in the above example that the orour of the registers POPed off the stack is the exact revenue of the order triey are PUSHed onto the stack. This is because the stack operates on the Last In-First principle (LIFO) OUT PROJECTS from provious lasues

t. The first project involved building a program which would print all of the letters of the alphabet on the screen. The most effectent way to do this is to lead the ASCII code for the alphabet (41H) SBHI into the appropriate locations in the video RAM (3COOH 3CFFH) with the DJNZ metruction.

LOOP	LO L	BG,1,AH HL,3010H A,41H IHD,A HL A LOOP	and up for 26 characters store at 2C10H .ASCILA. store to screen next display position next letter loop thru 26 letters
------	--	--	---

2. The second project was to develop a program which will print every other letter of the alphabet. This program is very alimilar to the above.

LOOP	10	8,00H HL,3C10H A,41H (HL),A	san up for 13 characters
	INC INC INC DINZ	A A LOOP	every other letter

2 Finally we had to make a program to pul ten "A", ten "E's" and ten "C's" on the adreen in consecutive order starting ari 20250

LOOPS	LD LD LD INC DJNZ LD INC LD	HL 3C50H B,QAH A,41H (HL),A HL LOOP 1 B,QAH A (HL),A	ten characters :ASCII A atom to display loop ten times :ASCII B
20012	INC DINZ LD	HL LOOPS BOAH	

INC

LD

INC

DJNZ

LOOPS

A ASCH C

(HL),A

LOOPS.

HL

#### PHOLECTS FOR NEXT ISSUE

- I Build a subroutine which will put in parties it is equal to or greater than zero and less than 258 characters on the occion. Also are lost when the subroutine is CALLed, the opening agreed comain the following information.
- ASCII code of character to be put an
- III. Distring undress of n characters in the video memory.
- Number of charactes to be printed on the sorgen.
- 2 Build a main program which will two line subrouting developed above to still 1 15 "A's" at 3020, 137 The at 3000 and 35".2" at 3E20.
- 3. Predict what the following section of code will do:

Appress Todo Toda

GALL 7003 GALL 7000

The contents of the SP are 0000.

DESK UPLE BASE, REPORT provides by the STR because propositioning Full retrieves. Removed access by the principle of the prin

WEWINDOWNERSHIP, NOUTE Accounting Africa Car will prove to only of only accounting the Early Full System and Indianates. (Ch. Layer System and Indianates) and Carriers of the Carriers of the

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# lifeboat

This 16K Level II pioplain was built on the concept of an old Affred Hilphologic movie. There are a lew additions, however, this the captain fusing the cotion of "doing in" the patientsyste to make the partie bons little selling. You like balloary at the mercy of late, but you it: have a small, very small degree of controi over your deatiny. On shead, time a nate on the Tilland-

Karl R. Jahre Allyn, Washington

10 REM \* (C) 1979 80-NW FUBLISHING CO \*

20 REM \* CREATED FOR 80-US BY KARL JAHNS, ALLYN, WA \*

SO PRINT:PRINT

- 40 CLS:PRINT:PRINT:PRINT:PRINTAB(27); "LIFEBOAT"
- SO PRINT:PRINT
- O PRINT: INPUT "WHO IS THE CAPTAIN"; A\$
- TO CLE:PRINT:PRINT:PRINT"YOUR SHIP HAS BEEN WRECKED. YOU ARE AMONG TEN
- 80 PRINT"SURVIVORS. YOU HAVE 60 SMALL PORTIONS OF WATER. (1 PORTION" THERE" PER PERSON PER DAY) YOU ARE ABOUT TEN DAYS FROM LAND. THERE"
- 100 PRINT"ARE THREE SURVIVORS WHO ARE SICK SO PAR. WEATHER IS UNCERTAIN"
- 110 PRINT"AS IS THE POSSIBILITY OF CHANCE RESCUE."
- 120 PRINT: PRINT" YOU MUST DECIDE IF SOME WILL HAVE TO BE KILLED TO BETTED
- 130 PRINT"THE CHANCES FOR THE REST SURVIVING. (YOU HAVE THE REVOLVER)
- 140 PRINT"YOU DO RISK TRIAL FOR MURDER IF YOUR DECISION WAS HASTY, BUT
- 150 PRINT"YOU COULD ALL DIE OF THIRST OR EXPOSURE IF YOU MISJUDGE"
- 160 PRINT"YOUR CHANCES, ": GOSUB1500
- 170 CLS:PRINT:PRINT:PRINT"YOU HAVE A DIARY IN WHICH YOU MAKE ENTRIES ON 180 PRINT THE HAPPENINGS OF THAT DAY, (OF COURSE, HITCHCOCK WILL MAKE A"
- 190 PRINT MOVIE OF THESE ENTRIES IF THE BOAT IS EVER FOUND.) AFTER THE
- 200 PRINT"ENTRY 13 MADE YOU MUST MAKE THE DECISION OF HOW MANY TO SHOOT.
- 110 PRINT: PRINT"SICK PEOPLE NEED 2 RATIONS OF WATER PER DAY."
- 220 GOSUM1500
- 230 CLS:PRINT:PRINT: RINT:R=10:K=0:L=0
- 240 R=10:L=0:E=0
- 250 F=60:N=10:S=3:B=0
- 260 T=1:I=0:P=0:W=0.
- 270 CLS:PRINT:PRINT" 280 PRINT"CAPT, ";A\$:"'S LOG:
- 200 IFK>OTHERN-N-K:S=S-K
- 300 IFK>OTHENW=1:P=T
- 110 IFS<0THENS=0
- 320 P=F-N-S
- 330 IFT = REGISTRA 150:GOTO520
- 140 RANDOM: X=RND (13)
- 350 IF (X=1) \* (S>=1) THENN=N-1:GOSUB760
- 360 IF(X=1)\*(S<1)GOSUB1090
- 370 IP(x=3)\*(S>1)GDSUB790:GOT0390
- 380 IF(X=3)\*(S>=1)THENN=N-1:GOSUB760
- 190 LP(X=2)+(X=4)+(X=10)GOSUB1290 400 \F((X=2)+(X=10))\*(T>2)GOSUB1300
- 410 IFX=6GOSUB1220;R=R+1
- 420 IFX=8GOSUB1260:R=R+2
- 430 IF((X=5)+(X=7))\*(L=1)GOSUB1370:GOSUB730:GOTO450
- 44U IF (X=5) + (X=7) THENR=R-1:GOSUB1370:L=1
- 450 IF (X<>5) \* (X<>7) THENL=0

DAY "IT!" "" IPRIET

- 460 IF (X=13) \* (T-P=0) GOSUB650:GOTO610
- 470 IF (X=13) \* (T-P<>0) GOSUB710
- 480 IFX=9GOSUB910
- 490 IF (X=11)+(X=12) GOSUB940
- 500 IFF<1THEN840
- 510 IFT>=RGOSUB1350
- 520 IPS<0THENS=0
- 530 IFN<OTHENN=0
- 540 IFS>NTHENS=N
- 550 IF(I=1)\*(W=1)GOTO1000
- 560 PRINT:PRINT"WE HAVE ":F;" UNITS OF WATER LEFT."
- 570 PRINT"THERE ARE ":N;" OF US LEFT AND ";
- 580 IFS>1PRINTS; " ARE SICK."
- 590 IFS<2PRINTS; " IS SICK."
- 600 PRINT:PRINT"I ESTIMATE ":R-T;" MORE DAYS TO LAND."
- 610 PRINT:PRINT"
  620 IFN<1PRINT"P.S. AHHHHHH! THEY ALL DIED! WELL, THAT'S LIFE.":
  GOTO1120
- 630 PRINT" (CAPT. ";A\$;", HOW MANY ARE YOU GOING TO SHOOT TONIGHT) ";:
  INPUTK
- 640 T=T+1:GOT0270
- 650 PRINT: PRINT" THIS IS MY LAST ENTRY. IN TRYING TO SHOOT MRS. O'BRIAN
- 660 PRINT"LAST NIGHT, I HIT THE LIFEBOAT, WE'RE SLOWLY SINKING.
- 670 FORX=1TO900:NEXTX
- 680 FORY=1TO5:GOSUB690:GOSUB700:NEXTY:N=0:RETURN
- 690 PRINTTAB(0+10\*Y); "GLUG |":PRINT:RETURN
- 700 PORX=1TO200:NEXTX:RETURN
- 710 PRINT"TODAY WE SAW SMOKE IN THE DISTANCE. IT WAS EITHER A SHIP OR
- 720 PRINT"SOME CRAZED INDIANS.": RETURN
- 730 IF N<1 GOT0620
- 740 PRINT: PRINT: PRINT" WAIT ... A SHIP ON THE HORIZON. WE'RE SAVED!!"
- 750 I=1:RETURN
- 760 PRINT"ONE OF OUR SICK PEOPLE DIED. WE THREW THEIR BODY OVERBOARD"
- 770 PRINT"TO APPEASE THE SHARKS,"
- 780 S=S-1:RETURN
- 790 IF N\*(R-T)>F THEN820
- 800 PRINT"ONE OF THE SICK GOT SO EXCITED AT BEING CLOSE TO RESCUE THAT "
- 810 PRINT"HE HAD A HEART ATTACK AND DIED ... POOR SLOB !": S=S-1:N=N-1:RETURN
- 820 PRINT"TWO SICK PASSENGERS STRANGLED EACH OTHER SO THE REST OF THE
- 830 PRINT"PASSENGERS WOULD HAVE A BETTER CHANCE.":S=S-2:N=N-2:RETURN
- 840 PRINT"OUR WATER IS ALL GONE. WE CAN ONLY LAST ONE MORE DAY."
- 850 PRINT: INPUT" (PRESS 'ENTER' TO CONTINUE) ": G\$
- 860 IF (R-T) <2GOSUB730:GOTO950
- 870 G=RND(R-T): IPG=1GOSUB730:GOTO950
- 880 FORX=1TO25:PRINT" /"::NEXTX:PRINT
- 890 PRINT"THEY DIDN'T MAKE IT. EVERYONE DIED 1":PRINT:PRINT
- 900 N=0:GOTO1120
- 910 PRINT"THERE WAS A RAIN SHOWER TODAY. WE WERE ABLE TO CATCH ENOUGH"
- 920 PRINT"WATER FOR ONE MORE DAY."
- 930 F=F+N:RETURN
- 940 PRINT"ANOTHER MONOTONOUS DAY. HO HUM...NO CHANGE IN SITUATION.": RETURN
- 950 PRINT: PRINT"GALA BALL IN THE GOVERNOR'S MANSION TO CELEBRATE YOUR
- 960 IFN=1GOSUB1040:GOTO1120
- 970 PRINT"COURAGEOUS SHEPARDING OF AS MANY OF THE FLOCK AS COULD HAVE
- 980 PRINT"BEEN SAVED."

- 1010 PRINT: PRINT" BUT HOLD IT FOLKS! CAPTAIN "; A\$: " DIDN'T NECESSARILY"
- 1020 PRINT"HAVE TO SHOOT THAT LAST VICTIM. THERE WILL BE A TRIAL.
- 1030 PRINT: GOTO1400
- 1040 PRINT"SURVIVAL.":FORX=1T01000:NEXTX
- 1050 PRINT"BUT, YOU SCALAWAG, SINCE YOU'RE THE ONLY SURVIVOR AND THE"
- 1060 PRINT"CAPTAIN, ATTENDENCE AT THE DANCE IS POOR. (YOUR WIFE ALSO" 1070 PRINT"LEAVES YOU AS SHE CAN'T STAND THE SHAME!) "
- 1080 RETURN
- 1090 PRINT"THE SUN WAS TIBEARABLE TODAY-ONE LADY GOT SUNSTROKE, WENT
- 1100 PRINT"CRAZY, AND BORED US WITH STORIES OF HER LOVE BOAT TRIP."
- 1110 S=S+1:RETURN
- 1120 FORX=1T01000:NEXTX
- 1130 PRINT:PRINTTAB(9); "YOUR SCORE FOR THIS TRIP WAS "; N\*T; " POINTS."
- 1140 IFB=1PRINTTAB(18); "(AWARDED POSTHUMOUSLY)"
- 1150 PRINT:PRINT:FORX=1TO1500:NEXTX
- 1160 PRINT: INPUT" << DARE YOU RISK ANOTHER VOYAGE, CAPTAIN >>"; V\$: PRINT: IFLEFT\$ (V\$, 1) = "Y"THENV=1ELSE1190
- 1170 IFV=1PRINT"THE TITANIC IS DEPARTING NEW YORK FROM PIER 71."
- 1180 IFV=1PRINTTAB(18); "BON VOYAGE !":FORX=1T01500:NEXTX:GOTO230
- 1190 PRINT: PRINT" AFTER THAT EXPERIENCE YOU DESERVE A REST. TRY TAKING
- 1200 PRINT"A 747 THE NEXT TIME.":FORX=1TO4000:NEXTX
- 1210 PRINT:PRINT:INPUT" (PRESS ENTER TO RESET) "; B\$:GOTO40
- 1220 PRINT"WE HAVE JUST EXPERIENCED A STORM. IT WILL TAKE AN EXTRA"
- 1230 PRINT"DAY TO REACH LAND. ONE PASSENGER WAS LOST WHEN HE TRIED 1240 PRINT"TO SAVE A CANTEEN OF WATER THAT GOT SWEPT OUT."
- 1250 F=F-3:N=N-1:RETURN
- 1260 PRINT"WE JUST BRUSHED THE EDGE OF A HURRICANE. IT WILL TAKE"
- 1270 PRINT" US AN EXTRA 2 DAYS TO REACH LAND. WE ALSO LOST 2 PEOPLE
- 1280 PRINT"OVERBOARD DURING THE ENCOUNTER.":N=N-2:RETURN
- 1290 PRINT"THIS WAS ANOTHER HOT, LONG DAY-NO SIGN OF RESCUE. ": RETURN
- 1300 IFS<NTHEN 1330
- 1310 PRINT"ONE POOR STIFF HAD HIS HAND DANGLING IN THE WATER. A
- 1320 PRINT"SHARK BIT IT OFF AND HE BLED TO DEATH. ": N=N-1: RETURN
- 1330 PRINT"TO MAKE MATTERS WORSE, ANOTHER PERSON GOT REALLY SICK."
- 1340 S=S+1:RETURN
- 1350 PRINT"WE CAN SEE LAND NOT FAR OFF. WE MADE IT !": FORX=1TO2000:NEXTX
- 1360 I=1:RETURN
- 1370 PRINT"THE WINDS WERE FAVORABLE TODAY AND SPIRITS WERE HIGH."
- 1380 IFS>0PRINT"ONE OF THE SICK PEOPLE MADE A REMARKABLE RECOVERY.": S=S-1
- 1390 PRINT"I ESTIMATE WE'LL SEE LAND SOONER THAN EXPECTED. ": RETURN
- 1400 FORX=1T01000:NEXT X:M=T-P
- 1410 IFM>FPRINT"THE JURY BROUGHT IN A QUICK -NOT GUILTY- VERDICT."
- 1420 IFM>FFORX=1T0999:NEXTX:GOT0950
- 1430 R=RND (F-M)
- 1440 IFR=IPRINT"YOU HAVE BEEN AQUITTED BASED UPON YOUR SUPERIOR"
- 1450 IFR=1PRINT"LEADERSHIP AND BRAVERY. ":GOTO950
- 1460 PRINT"YOU HAVE BEEN FOUND GUILTY OF MURDER. (OTHER SURVIVORS
- 1470 PRINT"TESTIFIED AGAINST YOU). YOU WILL BE HANGED IN 2 SECONDS." 1480 FORX=1TO2000:NEXTX:PRINT:PRINT:PRINT"
- ARGHHHHH!!" 1490 N=N-1:B=1:GOTO1120
- 1500 PRINT:PRINT:INPUT" RETURN

(PRESS -ENTER- TO CONTINUE) ": B\$:

W.J. Weller

Practical Microcomputing Programming is a commutation of a series of books by the same name (previous volumes cover the 8000 and the 6800). It is intended to be a text for the beginning programmer on the 2nd system and in deed covers that subject well in 18 chapters and 4 appendices (481 pages total).

It is a major difficulty with the book that the author chose to disregard the standard 280 assumbly language and instead teach at extension of the popular 8080 assembly language mnemoritot and the programs in the book in compatible with the TRSS Editor Assembler.

Mr. Weller points out that he feels that Zilog made a mistake in writing a new set of membership for the 280 instead of membership full comparipility with the 5000. For this reason, an are to learn 5000 memorics since we will then have access to 6000 programs. This is mirrible, but doesn't take into account the problems with translating 280 programs to the new system.

To solve the problem of incompatibility, he provides a complete Edvar-Assembler and Debugging monitor listing in the back of the book amorphics. Further, copies of the Editor-Assembler and Debugger are evaluable on paper tape for free with purchase of the book.

What good is all this to the TRS80 user, you ask? Well realistically, very liftle. In the tirst place, a TRS80 user would have to mostly the Edvior Assembler to use if on his macrine, but to do that he would arrangly have to be a competent indictine. I language programmer Specifically, the I/O for the editor assembler assumes paper punch tape and nothing in the first 12K of memory. This is obviously not the TRS80.

So how about using the book with me TRS80 Editor Assembler? Well, the memorics are not line same. The TRS80 Editor Assembler uses 2llog mnemonics while he uses an expanded 6080 set Someone who is trying to learn 280 programming would have a hard time trying to keep the differences from interfering with his searning.

Running the programs on the MACING statembler would also get to be a problem since the extension of the Z80 code len't recognized by this assembler. So why before with the book at all? Well, there are some popularities.

in the time place. Mr. Weller has prof a lot of glind assembly language programming into the book. More imporW.J. Weller Northern Technology Books, 1978. Price: \$29.00

tantly, he has explained the programming in great detail in sample programs, most steps have explanations to show what it is doing as part of the program.

In nicely shows off the capabilities of the 280 as compared to the 8080 in many places, by pointing out specific things that the 280 can do batter. For instance, his example 10-6 gives a tisting for a bubble sort that uses the 280's index plus displacement, addressing capability to shorten the program compared to the 8080.

Practical Microcomputer Programming is an excellent text on Assembly language programing her provided only by the fact that its assembler will not run as is on the TRS80. Someone who is trying to learn assembly language programing could use the book to learn how to do it, but then a second book would be needed to use the Existin Assembler currently assemble on the TRS80.

Most TROMO users will find William Barden's book on the 280 more directly applicable to the software they use However, No: Wetter's book can have a useful place on your shelf as a guide to odvanced techniques if you are a living to translate to resmail 280 code AND pay the price for the books.

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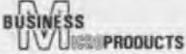
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CAYS, E CASS, EM

#### The first of a three part series

Fred Guth & John Knoderer St. Louis, Mo.

PROGRAM

The co-author of these programs. John Knoderer, and his COMPUTER. VAN, travel full-time from TRS-80 owner to TRS-80 owner in the Missouri-Kansas area helping with custom software needs and other programing services. One of this many addresses is P.O. Box 22169, St. Louis, Mo. 62116.

This is the first of a not of three stock programs, and is a program to inventory and evaluate investments in stocks. Upcoming issues will contain a program to determine rates of return on stocks and a program to determine nat amounts received and laxes to be paid when selling.

What stocks to keep? What to sell? Has a stock moved consistently with the market? What are the relative yields and if sold, what is the net after tax? These questions add up to a lot of work when using a pencil and paper, and the longer the list of stocks, the more difficult it is But the computer has lifted a burden. Now you can see more clearly, and you can move when the time is right!

The filename of the first program is STOCK/PRO, meaning stock program, it keeps a current inventory of any set of stocks. The example with this article merely shows the type of printout. Although basically designed for the Centronics printer at 132 characters/line, it can be used with other printers which will take 15 inch paper (or have sufficiently variable pitch).

Note that each stock is numbered. This is done automatically by the program, and one must use these numbers when changing or deleting a listing.

The program is designed for disk and printer, and after entering Basic, be sure to enter 15 for the numbr of files.

After the date is entered, a table of options appears. What do you want to do?

1-Add a stock to the file 2-Change a listing 3-Change all market values 4-Print out a list of all stocks on hand 5-Delote a stock 6-Quit the program CHOOSE?

To begin your own stock file, type in 1, add a stock to your file. (Editor's note: We didn't find this to be entirely true. The program opens a data file called STOCKIFIL If there is no information at all, the program gives an error. To get around this, enter the first stock using option 2, changing the null values for the stock to those you wish to natur. After the first stock is antered you may use all the options as shown.)

The stock name may be up to nine characters, including the spaces and

When adding a stock, you make just four entries, the program extends the unit costs into total, the market price into total market, totals costs and markets and prints out the Individual gains and losses as well as a recap.

Option 3 allows you to enter update Information from market newspaper. This can be done as often as you wish to update. You can then compare new information with the previous period and make decisions as to which way to move.

In the next installment, we will present STOCK YIELD, which will allow you to see a quick analysis showing all the returns on your various holdings, based both on cost and current market prices

## STOCK VALUES AS OF 04/04/79

ST STOCK	The state of the s	UNIT\$	TOTAL COST	UNIT\$	TOTAL	
1 C H ENTR 2 LIGGET 3 MOR NORW 4 P G & E 5 WAR LAMB 6 AM BRANDS 7 EXXON 8 INT HARV 9 NABISCO 10 TEXACO 11 ZENITH	375 200 800 1000 2500 250 300 175	\$210.67 \$31.64 \$1.30 \$14.30 \$1.37 \$28.90 \$53.85 \$32.50 \$20.75 \$22.50 \$49.75	\$79,001.25 \$6,328.00 \$1,040.00 \$14,300.00 \$3,425.00 \$7,225.00 \$16,155.00 \$5,687.50 \$5,187.50 \$11,250.00 \$17,412.50	\$210.67 \$ 36.37 \$ 28.87 \$ 22.12 \$ 22.12 \$ 48.75 \$ 49.25 \$ 37.50 \$ 23.50 \$ 27.75 \$ 25.78	\$ 79,001.25 \$ 7,274.00 \$ 23,096.00 \$ 22,120.00 \$ 55,300.00 \$ 12,187.50 \$ 14,775.00 \$ 6,562.50 \$ 5,875.00 \$ 13,875.00 \$ 9,023.00	\$ 0.00 \$ 946.00 \$22,056.00 \$ 7,820.00 \$ 51,875.00 \$ 4,962.50 \$ -1,380.00 \$ 875.00 \$ 687.50 \$ 2,625.00 \$ -8,389.50
TOTAL FIGURE	S		\$167,011.75		\$249,089.25	201 047 0

\$91,847.00 TOTAL GAINS \$9,769.50 TOTAL LOSSES

#### Figure 1

- 10 REM \* FILENAME IS STOCK/PRO \*
- REM \* PROGRAM FOR LISTING & REVIEWING STOCK INVESTMENTS
- REM \* WHEN 'HOW MANY FILES' IS ASKED, ANSWER 15 \*
- REM \* (C) 1979 JOHN KNODERER, ST LOUIS, MO \*
- IFLEFT\$ (TIME\$, 2) >"00"THEN 90ELSEINPUT"MONTH (ONLY) OF THIS

REPORT (MM) "; M: IFM<10RM>12THEN50ELSEPOKE16454, M 60 INPUT"DAY (DD) "; D: IFD<10RD>31THEN60ELSEPOKE16453, D 70 INPUT"YEAR (YY)";Y:IFY>1900THENY=Y-1900 80 IFY<00RY>255THEN70ELSEPOKE16452,Y 90 CLEAR999: DEFDBLA-H, K-Z: OPEN"R", 1, "STOCK/FIL" 110 INPUT"WHAT DO YOU WANT TO DO? 1-ADD A STOCK TO THE STOCK FILE 2-CHANGE A LISTING ON THE STOCK FILE 3-CHANGE THE MARKET VALUES ON ALL THE STOCKS 4-PRINT OUT A LIST OF ALL STOCKS ON HAND 5-DELETE A STOCK 6-OUIT THE PROGRAM CHOOSE" : A 120 ONAGOTO130,290,300,340,440,460;GOTO100 130 GET1, LOF (1):OC=-1 140 QC=QC+1:IFQC=17THENFIELD1,255ASA1\$:LSETA1\$=STRING\$(255,0): PUT1, LOF (1)+1:QC=0 150 GOSUB470: IFN1\$ <> STRING\$ (9,0) THEN140 160 N\$="":M=-9:U=-9:K=-9:I=LOF(1) 170 IFN\$<>""THENPRINTN\$, 180 INPUT"NAME OF STOCK"; N\$: IFN\$=""THEN 180 190 IFM>=OTHENPRINTM, 200 INPUT "NUMBER OF SHARES PURCHASED"; M: IFM<00RM>30000THEN200 210 IFU>=OTHENPRINTUSING"###.##";U, 220 INPUT"UNIT COST OF STOCK";U; IFU<00RU>300THEN220 230 IFK>=OTHENPRINTUSING"###.##";K, 240 INPUT"CURRENT MARKET PRICE OF THE STOCK"; K: IFK<00RK>300 THEN240 250 N\$=LEFT\$(N\$,9):CLS:PRINT"STOCK NAME",N\$:PRINTM; "SHARES OWNED": PRINTUSING"UNIT PRICE \$\$##.##"; U: PRINTUSING"MARKET PRICE \$\$ \$\$ \$ . # #" ; K 260 A\$="": INPUT"DO YOU WANT TO MAKE ANY CORRECTIONS IN THE ABOVE"; A\$: A\$=LEFT\$ (A\$, 1): IFA\$="Y"THENPRINT" AS THE CURRENT VALUES ARE DISPLAYED, MAKE THE CORRECTION, IF YOU WANT TO KEEP THE VALUE, PRESS ENTER": GOTO170 270 IFA\$<>"N"THEN260 280 LSETN1\$=N\$:LSETM1\$=MKI\$(M):LSETU1\$=MKI\$(U\*100): LSETK1\$=MKI\$(K\*100):PUT1,I:GOTO100 290 INPUT"WHICH STOCK DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THE LISTING OF ##";J:I=INT((J-1)/17)+1:QC=J+16-I\*17:GET1,I:GOSUB470: N\$=N1\$:M=CVI(M1\$):U=CVI(U1\$)/100:K=CVI(K1\$)/100:GOTO250 300 CLS:PRINT"AS THE STOCKS ARE DISPLAYED, ENTER THE CURRENT MARKET PRICE": FORI=1TOLOF(1):GET1, I:FORJ=0TO16:QC=J: GOSUB470: IFN1\$=STRING\$ (9,0) ORN1\$=STRING\$ (9,32) THEN330 310 K=CVI(K1\$)/100:PRINTN1\$;" #";CVI(M1\$);"UNIT\$";CVI(U1\$)/100;" OLD MARKETS"; K; : INPUT"NEW MARKET"; K

320 LSETK 1 \$=MKT \$ (K\*100) 330 NEXTJ:PUT1, I:NEXTI:GOTO100

340 LPRINT"STOCK VALUES AS OF "; LEFT\$ (TIME\$, 8) : LPRINT" "

350 LPRINT"ST STOCK.... NO.OF UNIT..\$ ...... UNIT..\$ TOTAL .....

360 LPRINT"## ....NAME SHARES...COST TOTAL COST .MARKET .... .MARKET GAIN//LOSS": LPRINTSTRING\$ (68,45)

370 TL=0:TG=0:GL=0:TC=0:TM=0:FORI=1TOLOF(1):GET1, I:FORJ=0T016:

QC=J:GOSUB470:IFN1\$=STRING\$(9,0)ORN1\$=STRING\$(9,32)THEN410

380 M=CVI(M1\$):U=CVI(U1\$)/100:K=CVI(K1\$)/100

% ##### \$###. ## \$##, ###. ## \$###. ## 390 LPRINTUSING"## % \$###,###.## \$##,###.##";I\*17+J-16,N1\$,M,U,M\*U,K,M\*K,M\*(K-U)

400 E\$=STRING\$(43,32):TC=TC+M\*U:TM=TM+M\*K:GL=GL+M\*(K-U): IFK>UTHENTG=TG+M\* (K-U) ELSETL=TL+M\* (U-K)

410 NEXTJ, I:LPRINTSTRING\$ (68, 45):LPRINTUSING"TOTAL FIGURES \$\$######, ###, ##";TC, TM; : \$\$4444,###.## LPRINTUSING"\$\$##,###.##";GL:LPRINT" ":LPRINTUSINGE\$+ " TOTAL GAINS\$\$###, ####.##"; TG:LPRINTUSINGE\$+"TOTAL LOSSES\$\$###, ####. ##";TL

420 FORI=1TO12:LPRINT" ":NEXT:GOTO100

430 END

- 440 INPUT"WHICH STOCK DO YOU WANT TO DELETE THE LISTING OF ##"; J:I=INT((J-1)/17)+1:QC=J+16-I\*17:GET1,I:GOSUB470:PRINT"DO YOU WANT TO DELETE "; N1\$,:INPUTA\$: A\$=LEFT\$ (A\$,1):IFA\$="Y" THENLSETN 1 \$= STRING \$ (9, 32) : PUT 1, I : PRINT "STOCK DELETED" : GOTO100
- 450 PRINT"STOCK NOT DELETED": GOTO100

460 CLOSE:PRINT"GOOD MORNING!":END

470 FIELD1,QC\*15ASA1\$,9ASN1\$,2ASM1\$,2ASU1\$,2ASK1\$:RETURN

NOTES

0=Zero and 0=Oh Do not use line feed (down arrow) in any lines except in line 110.

#### TRS-80 TM Mods

1 Upper/Lower Case

installed with switch between "jibberish" and standard Level II. With software for Level II to turn "jibberish" into properly displayed data.

installed in same machine switch selected.

3 Clock Rate

switch selected 1.77MHZ (standard) or 2.66 MHZ (fast) cut your processing time by

# COMPUTER SYSTEMS

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4 Serial Interface

installed in keyboard. With software driver for Level II

5 16 K RAM

installed & Insted

6 15KRAM

chips only (you install)

7 Floppy Disc

with cable, enclosure & Pertisc FD-400 power supply. We will test on your expansion interface

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pressure feed platten; upperflower case. programmable character size, 50 c.p.s. continuous impact printer.

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item Price You send

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29.00 keyboard 29.00 keyboard

49.00 Her board

119.00 ke/board or exp. Intf.

6 99.00 nothing

399.00 vivo optional 8 849.00 axp: optional

449.00 exp. optional

10 149,00 nothing

# SYSTEM/COMMAND

Phil Pilgrim

#### SOFTWARE LOWER CASE

SOFTWARE LOWER CASE (cake to be had and eaten too!)

Many TRS80 users have printers capable of printing lower case letters but, for one reason or other, have decided not to make the hardware lower case modification. This can make screen editing of printable text difficult when that text contains lower case letters, because all letters upper and lower case. But it is possible, through software alone, to have (or at least simulate) lower case on the display, while printing full upper and lower case on the printer.

Let's assume that every letter we type on the keyboard without shifting be interpreted as "lower case". These letters are displayed as regular capital letters on the screen. Now, when we want "UP-PER CASE", we hold down the shift key and type a letter. Such a letter should then be given a special designation on the screen. Here, we will precede it with a small graphics block, to show that it is "UPPER CASE". The printer routine, when called by LPRINT or LLIST then, will print regular (unshifted) letters as true lower case and shifted letters as upper case. This means, of course, that BASIC keywords will come out printed as if then-else instead of IF THEN-ELSE during a LLIST, but it won't affect the behavior of the program one bit.

The assembly listing shown in Figure 1 accomplishes these feets with three modules: 1) A start block (START) to link the other two modules into the display and line printer calling sequences, 2) A display driver (SDSPLY), which precedes avery shifted letter on the screen by a graphic block and erases the block in the event of a backspace, and 3) A printer driver (SPRINT), which reverses the shift of all letters going to the printer.

To use this program, enter the source code shown into the editor/assembler, assemble it, and make a SYSTEM tape. Then initialize LEVEL II BASIC (ORG 7FABH assumes 16K) and set memory size to 32883. Load the SYSTEM tape, type the /ENTER to execute the start block, and BASIC will be ready with its new lower case personality - all without even having to plug in a soldering iron!

TYAN	00100	CMC	TPARO	1988 SI - 32683
7EAB 251840	GOILD START	100	HL, (40 THE)	LINK IN SDEELY
7FAE 22D57F	00120	T.D	ILDSPLY+11,01.	
TFB1 21067F	00130	LO	HEL SDSPEY	
7794 221840	0.0140	120	(40 tEH) /HL	1
7EB7 2A2640	00150	LD	HL (4026H)	CLINE IN SPRINT
TEBA ZIPITE	00160	LD	I EDRINT+11. HL	
7FBD 21E97F	00170	LD	BLASPRINT	
7FC0 222640	00160		(402600,00	I
TFC3 C3191A		JP	18191	DETUNK TO BASIC
7FC6 F5	00200 SDSPLY	PUBIL	AF	MUST BAVE PLAGS
7907 79	00210	LO	A,C	IGST CHAS DI A
7FCB CDF47F		CALL	SHIPT	TA LOWER CASE LIN?
7FCB 3805	00230	AT RE	C. MEGO	: NO, MEGULAR DISPLAY
7PCD 3882	00240	LD	A. V10	BUET SHIFT GRAPHIC
TECE CD3300	00250	CALL	00338	DISPLAY IT
7FD2 F1		POP	AF	LRESTORE FLAGS
7FD1 C5	00270		DC:	HEAVE CHAR
7FD4 CD0000	00000 LDSPLY	CALL	3-1	DISPLAY CHARACTER
7FD7 C1		POP	bit.	GET CHAPACTER BACK
7PD# 45	00100	1.00	D.A.	C. C
7FD9 FE08	00310	CIN		WAS IT BACKSPACE?
7FOB CO	00320	Rath	WE	1 NO. RETURN
TFDC ZAZG40	00330	LD	HE, (4020H)	FORT COMSON POSITION
7FDF 2B	00340	DEFE	288	PACKSPACT
7FE0 7E	00350	LD	A. (HL)	IPRES AT PREV CHAR
7881 8862	00380	CF	130	713 IT SHIFT GRAPHIC?
7FE3 C0	00370	027	10%	I NO, RETURN
7FE4 3EOR	00380	TID	Act	MUST BACKED ACATH
7FE6 C33300		JP	0.0338	viic no it.
7889 85	00400 SPRINT	PERM	AF	TRUST RAVE PLAGE
7FEA 79	00410	LD	A.C	GET CHAR IN A
7920 7620	00420	OR	208	MAKE THE CASE IF LTD
7FED CDF47F	00430	CREAT	BHIPP	ISMIPT IF LATTER
7FF0 F1	00440	POP	AF	TRESTORE PLACE
7FF1 030000	00450 LPRINT	JE	\$13	(PRINT IV.
7FF4 PE78	DO460 SHIFT	CF	780	HIGHER THAN IT
7FF6 3F	00470	COP	1-00	1
777 7 718	D04H0	HET	E	r YES, RETURN.
7FF# FE61	00490	EP-	6.TH	FLOWER THAN AT
TEER DR	00900	7007	C	: YES, METORN.
7278 79	00510	LD	Acc	GET DEID CHARACTER
7FFC HE20	00520	MOR.	2011	IMPURNEE ITS GRIPT.
7FPE 4F	00530	LD	C18	IANU PUT IT BACK.
7FFF CB	00540	RET	W. W.	ENDS JAKE
TFAB	00550	END	START	(AUTOSTARTS # START.
DOODO TOTAL T				And the second second
The second of the second of		Figure	F .	

### A NOTE ON BASIC

Ever had Irouble with loading a program but not find our about it until you were already using it. This can be frustrating, but it can be evoided very simply.

When a program goes had on a load, you generally find only the end has had trouble loading. To chank whether this has happened, we can simply put some statement at the end, that program control will be transferred to right at the beginning.

The best way to do this is to put your instructions for the program as a subroutine. You then call the subroutine from the first few statements if it executes without error, chances are that the program is siright. If there is an error in the program, such as line number errors due to the read operation, then the program will not find the subroutine and an error message will be given directing the user to the line number and cause of the error.

Want to save both space the TIME in execution of your programs? Silly question, everyone does! But, it's a wonder that hardly anyone programing in BASIC uses integers, particularly for loop Indices. An Integer variable takes. two bytes of storage space in memory compared to seven for a single precision variable (the default type for all BASIC variables). This savings in space also translates into a savings in speed in loops. Even more apace can be saved by using a DEFINT to define the variables at the beginning of the program and save the space where the % sign would be to type individual variables as integers.

Since there is no standardization in BASIC for integer variables, it would be useful to introduce one. If we use the convention of FORTRAN, that all variables that begin with [J,K,L,M, or N are integer variables unless aspecifically typed otherwise, then everyone would have an easier time making afficient use of printed programs.

#### AUTO-GRAPHICS

PHASE 80, P.O. Box 2177, Richardson, Tx. 75080 announces the availability of AUTO-GRAPHICS. A L1 4K utility program which takes the drudgery out of using complex graphic displays. It enables the user to quickly create complex graphic displays with simple interactive commands and instant visual tendback. Any or all of a display can be saved on cassette tape and later read in and displayed. It is available on cassette for \$14.95 postpaid, with full instructions included.

#### PHONE DIRECTORY

Just introduced by RADIO SHACK is a motor-driven automatic phone directory which is said to save time and provide quick, easy access to telephone numbers or other siphabetized data. Prese any of its 15 buttons and it instantly indexes to the appropriate holders. It includes anough pressure sensitive paper labels for 380 names, addresses or other information it operates on two "C" size batteries and is priced at \$24.95 at most RADIO SHACK stores and participating dealers.

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All land, on their with their I/O. \$140.95

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RENUM L2, ten Sense Seiner than made Shack's version makes to was and seministences

SZ Level in EASIG 1,2 raps with many data feetures, some new commende at well

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# Business Computing

# SYSTEM ANALYSIS

John Strader, CPA

My second article in this series will deal with the actual selection of accounting software. This article will give information which you should consider in selecting specific software systems or programs. It is designed so that a "yes" answer to any question would be good quality, although not necessarily in all situations. The following may be used as a place from which to start; it is not all inclusive and should be modified to suit your own situation or circumstance.

I General hardware and software considerations, it is important to determine your needs before software and hardware selection begins. If you want standardized programs, realize that manual procedures may have to be changed to fit the computer program in addition, your forms will probably need to be changed and your personnel will probably have to be retrained. The "plus" is that this type of software is generally less expensive.

If you want customized programs you can get the software to easily fit your operation and many of the forms you currently use mity be incorporated. Customized programs will generally cost you more.

With both of the above it may be well to consider who will be doing the program maintenance.

The above, and those items which follow, should be kept in mind when writing up a request for proposal IRFPI to hardware and software vendors. Any RFP should be very specific and detailed.

#### Hardware requirements.

Things to consider here are the speed of the system, is there adequate disk and main memory space, and adequate printing speed? Is spooling (the ability to both enter and print data simultaneously through the use of system interrupts) supported? Will the hardware system and printer support word processing?

#### 3. Software requirements.

What type of software and disk operating system will be used? Which computer language? Will the disk operating system support multiple terminals? What type of software development aids are available?

The software should be adequately documented, both the manuals and the code itself. Standard software should be easily modified and adapted to your system. Input routines should be designed to minimize input. It should automatically place the decimal points and provide sequence numbers where applicable.

For large data base programs the software should be able to recover vacant disk space. There should be an audit trail, and the software whould be able to cope with electrical power outages by using disk files with automatic periodic saving of array files to disk.

#### 4. General Ledger

Is it integrated with payroll, accounts receivable, inventory accounts payable and a cost system? It should print the following reports: general ledger accounts, trial balance, balance sheet income statement, statement of retained earnings and a statement of changes in financial position. It should allow footnotes to statements, and should automatically prorate and post receiving entries such as depreciation, rent, insurance it should post year-end entries, close files and consolidate G/L files.

#### 5. Inventory System.

Points to consider here are: Is there an economic order quantity and reorder point in the system? Is there a model to determine the reorder point and economic order quantity? What model is used, and can it be changed or over-ridden manually? Can you review each item in the system and the amount on hand? Does it include price and can it figure gross cost for each item? Will it print out a purchase requisition or order, and can it be integrated into the general ledger?

#### 6. Accounts Payable.

Accounts payable should have a check writing and purchase order entry routine. In it integrated into inventory or general ledger? It should have search capability to automatically search files for payment dates and discounts. It should be capable of preparing a cash payments journal and/or a purchase journal

#### 7. Payroll

Will the payroll program print out quarterly reports and W 2's? It should figure withholding and FICA without entering data or rates for each employee. It should print out a payroll journal as well as payroll slips. Is it integrated with standard cost or job cost systems and your general ledger? It should print out chacks.

8. Accounts Receivable.

Some things to consider here are: Printing out a sales journal, cash receipts journal and is it integrated into the general ledger? Will it enable you to invoice and to prepare statements? Is there an aging report of open invoices and accounts? Will it print a customer list and mailing labels?

9 Cost accounting system

What type of cost system: Standard cost, job cost or? Does the cost accounting system comply with IRS and cost accounting's board regulations? Can you figure overhead by sales, hours, equipment use or other basis? Is it integrated with the general ledger to reduce data input? And, is there a good audit trail?

Next issue, we will look at some specific business programs. As we stated before, we will evaluate business software and documentation which is sent to us. Send your documentation or evaluation copy to the Journal, PO Box 7112. Tacoma, Washington 98407.

# MAINTAINING EDITABLE LISTS

Richard L. Hackney Western Kentucky i Bowling Green, Ky

1000 This "program" listing suggests how one may make the 1100 of the statement-managing and line-editing capability 1200 of LEVEL II Basic itself, without programing 1300 The trick is to treat the list as if it were a Basic 1400 program. The lines in the list should be numbered 1500 sequentially as in a Basic program with generous 1600 space between line numbers to permit later inswithon 1700 of new lines (items). Each line could contain up to 1800-255 characters, with a non-numerical character as the 1900 first character (other than spaces) following the line 2000 line number. For example: 2100 2200 first item description quantity etc. 2300 second item description quantity etc. 2400 2500 The "program" is never to be run; rather it is simply 2600 a sequential file which can be saved loaded. CSaved 2700 CLoaded, Listed and LListed Lines may be inserted or 2800 deleted on the basis of their statement numbers, and 2900 editing within a line is facilitated by the powerful 3000 edit commands of the Level II Basic

SERVICE SERVIC

## STAR TREK FOR THE TRS80

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

There are versions of Star Trak for almost every computer in general use, and this popular game has not been neglected by THS80 fams. Five versions

are reviewed in this article.

Space Trek II by Ed Juge, distributed by Instant Software, Peterborough, N.H., 03458 at \$7.95. The Level I version appeared in Kilobaud in October, 1978; (Star Trek is included among the 100. programs in Library 100, available from this magazine for \$49.50.)

Galactic Blockade Runner by Tim uinlian, from Mad Hatter Software, 219 ashington Ave., Chelsea, 150, for \$9.95; Star Trek III, by Lance cklus, available from the TRS80 Solare Exchange, 17 Briar Citif Drive, 1 03055 for \$14,9577me Trek, by Joshua avinaky, available from Personal Sof-Iware, P.O. Box 130, Cambridge, Mass. 02136 for \$14.95.

All five of these programs are for one player, with the computer as the opponent. All except Time Trek take from t to 2 hours to play. The lower levels of Time Trek go much faster, perhaps 1/2

Space Trek // suffers from being the earliest version out. All of the others have apparently seen it and have added extra features. Instant Software does offer a good deal, including six programs and a small instruction booklet for \$7.95, comblete with a soft case for the casaette. The instruction booklet is sized to fit in the box, a nice feature. The six programs are a graphic title, instructions, and the game in both Level Land Lavel II

The display is rather static, with Klingons, Stars, the Enterprise and starbases indicated by K. '. E. and B. and movement only when you fire a torpedo. the phases, or use the impulse drive on the Enterprise. The game is pleasant, though auccess is determined more by luck in finding starbases than by skill. To win, you must destroy 25 Klingons, and play takes about an flour.

Star Trek from Library 100 has a display much like Space Trek, with added long range scan at the top of the screen and status and damage reports arranged around the central display. While still using K. E. B. and '. this is a

much different game. For one thing, it is real time, and you are penalized if you do not think fast and type in full commands like TORP, SCAN, and MOVE. One nice touch is a routine that whites out the short range scan several times when torpedoes or phasers are fired. My chief complaint about this version is that spelling the command counts, and a double letter problem coats a stardate. Despite the real time feature, play is not much different from Space Trek II. No other version offers as much information on the screen at one time.

Star Trek III by Lance Micklus is a 16K. version with a lot of nice features. It is the only one of the versions reviewed in which the starships, stars, bases, and planets are nicely pictured. When you give a command, the appropriate crew member from the TV show gives the report or asks for the necessary data. In addition to doing battle with the Klingons, there is a subsiduary mission of searching for class M planets. You even have backup systems, such as a ships computer that can recall all quadrants you have scanned if your long. range sensors have been knocked out of commission. When you fire a weapon, the screen shows your ship firing, then it clears and shows the other ship receiving the blow, if your aim was accurate. The situation is reversed when a Klingon tices on you. If a ship is destroyed, you see it blow up. The only objection I had to this program was that I thought the pacing a bit slow.

Galactic Blockade Runner is not based on the TV show Star Trek, but him enough in common with the others to be worth mentioning in the review. For one thing, it is a good program for anyone who wants a little more variety than the Enterprise can offer. It is very tough; and I have not been able to win yet. One reason for this is that you have to learn to plan sheed, and you have to consider the distance to your destination, stardates left, apeed, and the distance to the enemy in determining your tactics. The most frustrating part about the game is the frequency with which your weapons miss. I once had eight consecutive nuclear torpedoes miss at optimum range Eventually the liaxan lighter destroyed me without suffering any. damage. The display shows the view in

front of your stup, with the enemy in the center of the screen if he is within 1000. miles. Your status is displayed on the left, and the enemies energy and range are displayed above his ship.

Time Trek is the most exciting and challenging of the versions tested. It is in machine language, and is real time. There are ten levels of play, and I have seldom surrived even 1 standale at Level 10. Your mission is to destroy from fl to 80 Klingons before they dealtray your 7 or 8 starbases. The higher the level, the more Klingons and the tougher they light. You may be fighting a battle in one quidrant when an SOS flashes on the bottom of the screen from a starbase under attack in another quadrant. Only a few seconda after a starbane is attacked, if is destroyed, unless you destroy the attackers first. The whole display is animated, and the Klingons maneuver as they attack you and the starbase. Your impulse drive operates by the arrows. and it is possible to dodge phases and torpedoes it you are fast enough. tinually, I am not. If took me about six games before I was able to hold my own at the lowest level, and it will be a long. time before I can take on level 10. This is truly a brilliant program by Joshua Lavinsky, and even uses the mlay in the computer to produce sound when the weapons are (fied)

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

If I had to choose only one of the above, if would certainly be Time Trek. Galactic Blockade runner offers enough change that it might be a good second choice, after I streamy bought Time Trek.

People interested in learning how to add interest to games should be familiar. with Star Tree III. It has the best picture. wass the names of the figures on the TV show, and might be a top choice if it were paced laster and had real time action. I still enjoy playing a version of Space Trey that I modified to include an intermediate range scan and galactic scan, and anyone who offers good programs, nicely packaged, in two versions, for \$7.95 ought to be encouraged! i do not enjoy the Library 100 version. mainly because I don't like to type in the words. If it had one letter commands I might enjoy it more.

#### COMPARISON TABLE

Space Trek	Star Tren	Glactic Blockade	Star Trek III	Time Trek
Good Fair Moderate Fair Good Little \$7:95	Good Good Stow Fair Good Some \$49.50	Tough Good Moderate Good Fair Some \$9.95	Good Very Good Slow Very Good Good Good \$14.95	Excellent Very Good Fact & Slow Very Good Good Exellent \$14.95 Lavel (&II SVS
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## THE DATA DUBBER

M. Schmidt



### PRODUCT REVIEW

The "Data Dubber" is a rather unique accessory for the TRS80 system. While the cassette data storage system is highly reliable, many high spend duplicated tapes (most commercial programs) are difficult to load. The Data Dubber was designed to minimize fiddling with the volume and missed loads. In addition, the Dubber can be connected between two recorders to make duplicates of any tape, including those in machine language.

The only external connections are two cords ending in plugs and a lack, all located at the upper and of the Data Dubber case. One cord, the "master" connects to the EAR connection of the tape recorder supplying the data. The gord from the TRS80 normally going to EAR is now plugged into the Dubber

The Dubber is battery operated, butthere is no switch to forget to turn on or affi it automatically will sense the presence of data and turn itself on and off! The battery is a standard 9 volts and (ants about three months with normal

The circuit used is active, and consists basically of a threshold detector and two Schmitt triggers. It re-creates an almost perfect square pulse and provides a solid base line, free of hum. This makes the signal from the recorder going back to the TRS80 look exactly like the signals which originally came from the TRS80.

While the Data Dubber can be a godsend to the THS80 owner, it cannot resurrect life. A program tape which has all the pulses recorded (eyen though they may be norribly distorted) is loadable with the Dubber. Il cannot supply pulses from a "hole" or blank spot on

We have been using a Dubber at 80-US for several weeks and have not yet found a tape which would not load, even though there were several which previously would not load under any conditions, and several others which loaded with much difficulty. Since there is no switch to worry about, it just sits there, behind the cassette recorder, and makes all tapes (so far) load on the first

The Data Dubber comes in a very attractive case, is clearly labeled and the utmost in simplicity to use. It is available from the Peripheral People, Box 524, Mercer Island, Wa. 38040. The price is \$39.95

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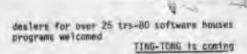
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## RENEW THAT PROGRAM

(C) 1979 Bill Roberts

Bill Roberts Virginia Beach, Va.

This Renew program is generalized and will work on either the tape or disk version of Basic (with disk make sure you declare the same number of files). One small word of caution - after using the renew program don't attempt to RUN or UPDATE it! Not all the pointers are reset. So you need to first SAVE or CSAVE it out and load It back in, this action will automatically reset the necessary pointers for you.

This program takes advantage of the fact that location 40A4 always contains the address where the programs (L2 or DOS) start, regardless of the number of files. The Renew program goes to this location, gets the address of the forward line pointer (now Zero - the result of NEW). The program adds 4 to this start address to get past the line number and into the text. With the A, B, and C registers previously set it does a search for the end of the line (a 00 byte). When it finds the end, HL contains the address pointer to the

In Jan 79 we run on article concerning the renewal of lost programs. Now, Mr. Ruberts has come up with a clever way to do it with L2 16K or in DOS. This has a special appeal to those whose disk re-boots during execution.

next line number. This (HL) is what has to be in the locations cleared by the NEW/RESET. Once HL is stored in the address pointed to by 40A4 the commands LIST, SAVE, and CSAVE will work

The Basic program which follows POKES the Renew routine into memory. Though this routine can run anywhere in memory, it is set up for 16K at present, and will load starting at 32741 unless overridden. To locate this routine above 16K

remember to use negative numbers.

After using this program to poke Renew into memory, create a SYSTEM tape (using TBUG) and a DOS command RENEW/CMD (using DUMP). This provides two ways of loading the object code without distrubing the Basic program in memory. The RENEW/CMD is stored with NO starting address so it doesn't really execute on DOS command. It is executed using SYSTEM command after Basic is reloaded.

```
10 REM
                 -- RENEW --
 20 REM
 30 REM
          RESTORE PROGRAMS LOST BY "NEW" OR "RESET" (DOS)
40 REM
          DON'T RUN OR UPDATE THE PROGRAM ONCE IT IS "RENEWED"
 50 REM
          "CSAVE" OR "SAVE" IT FIRST, THEN RELOAD TO UPDATE
50 REM
 70 REM
          COPYRIGHT 1979 BILL ROBERTS
80 REM
 90 REM
 100 INPUT "LOAD ADDRESS";A
110 IF A = 0 A = 32741: REM HI LOAD ADDRESS FOR 16K
 120 FOR X = A TO A + 25
 130 READ N
 140 POKE X,N
 150 NEXT X
160 END
 170 DATA 042,164,064,062,000,071,079,035,035,035,035,237,177,
      221,042,164,064,221,117,000,221,116,001,195,112,000
 180 REM
 190 REM FOR THOSE INTERESTED, AN ASSEMBLY LISTING FOLLOWS
 200 REM
 210 REM 2A A4 40
                         :LD
                                 HL, (40A4H)
220 REM 3E 00
                         :LD
                                 A. 0
 230 REM 47
                          :LD
                                 B,A
240 REM 4F
                         . LD
                                 C,A
 250 REM 23
                         :INC
                                 HL
 260 REM 23
                         :INC
                                 HL
 270 REM 23
                         FINC
                                 HL
 280 REM 23
                         :INC
                                 HL
 290 REM ED B1
                          CPIR
 300 REM DD 2A A4 40
                          : LD
                                 IX, (40A4H)
 310 REM DD 75 00
                          :LD
                                 (IX+0),L
 320 REM DD 74 01
                         :LD
                                 H. (F+XI)
 330 REM C3 70 00
                          1JP
                                 0070H
```

## 80-U.S. GOES TO THE FAIRE

The Fourth West Coast Computer Faire on intelligent machines for home. business and industry was field in San-Francisco on May 11, 12 and 13, 1979. The Faire was more than fair, it was great. The first day of the Faire dawned bright and clear (as all good tairs should), and attendees poured through the doors and awarmed through the exhibits. This continued through 5 pm on the third day, after which the weary (but hopefully richer) exhibitors panked up their diaplays and headed for home.

There was no one "show stopper", rather there was a good range of toteresting, amusing and somethimes as citing displays. It seemed like almost every third or fourth booth had a TRS-60. doing something. Some of them which

caught our attention were:

MICRO COMPUTER DEVICES had an S-100 adapter connected to a TRS-80. and were producing glorius full color displays using a color TV.

HUH ELECTRONICS was showing all two versions of \$-100 bus adaptors for the TRS-80.

Music was being created on TRS 80 by COMPU TALKER and others and J S Bach would have been proud.

Eight inch disk "Mega Box" was being displayed by MICROMATION and boasts

up to I magacyte carline.
A "hard" gree for the TRS-80 was displayed by LDBG, and this one boarts of no less then 10 mugativies)

MALIBU DESIGN GROUP was showing off printers with very high resolution graphics in a word,

exquisitet

JADE occupied a commanding position in the main slesplay half. It must have taken a semi-truck to bring in their extensive display.

BYTE maguzine was there, with copies of their now apin off grammers issue of

"Orecomparing

MACROTRONICS displayed thair M80 Nami interface for the TRS-80. It is a complete morse code and RTTY system.

EXATRON CORP demovatrated the TRS-80 model of the Exatron atringy Hoppy, an innoverse mass storage subsystem using a cuntingous loop tape water which holds up to 40K bytes and loads about #K in 6 seconds.

ALITOMATED SIMILLATIONS, CHIMOIS of "Starflerd Orion" have a new program "Investor Orion", which was shown.

We saw CPMI in operation on the TRS-80 FMG Corp. sald PASCAL would be out later this summer ... RACET COM-PUTES showed off their GSF (Generalized Subscuttine Escility) and

DOSORT, a diek sort. The MAD HATTER was there with roads of software, there were at least two different little pena peing displayed several data bace management systems were on display... Allen Golder showed his TBUG ac-Consories, TLEGS and TSTEP. Howard Gosman of H&E COMPUTRONICS INC was there, as were Bill McLaughlin and Jeff Caseron of TRS-80 COMPUTING and Ed Thom, of T-PAL Menny Gardin and his annocutes were there from Chicago with all of Blair soft and hardware. Pater Jimnings, SMALL SYSTEMS SOF-TWARE, RECORTEC, INTERFACE AGE KILDRAUD the tist goes on were all Theres

60-U.6. was there too, way back in the corner refrich is wrest you get witers you sign up (and), showing off a brand new Less C program called "Sec Wary", due to he released in September: Judging from the cross resolion, it will be as popular as Augroid Nim (we woindowd what Loo would do for an encored

If was riving, heatic and fun. About the only thing we didn't see there were a computer controlled teverborating phrazmastic baffle plate! Will we be at the 5th Annual Faire??? You but, and Inc biled title

M. Schmidt

#### GIVE YOUR TRS-BO WHAT IT DESERVES

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# INTERFACING THE INTEGRAL DATA 125 PRINTER

Truman Krumholz Springfield, Mo. Truman tells about his effort to interface the integral Data IP-125 printer to the TRS80 with a minimum of luss. The manuscript he submitted was printed on the IP-125, using the TEXT80 text editor described in our Jan-Feb 79 issue. The IP-125 is available from several sources (check our advertisers!) for about \$800.00.

I am using an Integral Data IP-125 printer with my TRS80. Mine has one option, the printer control, which costs an additional \$39.00. I would strongly recommend this option for use with the TRS80, since it includes an automatic line feed which is lacking on the TRS80, Also, with this option there are four different print densities (under software control) and the ability to enhance characters. It also includes the ability to select and deselect the printer (also under software control).

The IP-125 requires a four microsecond or wider strobe pulse. The TRS80 parallel printer port provides a 1.6 microsecond strobe pulse. The IP-125 acknowledge signal is low when busy whereas the TRS80 busy terminal must be high when busy. These two signals are not compatible. Also, some way must be found to achieve proper timing of the acknowledge signal

from the printer.

The way I did this, was to generate a sort of artificial busy signal after each character is sent to the printer. If this is not done the printer omits characters and finally hangs up. This method slows down the transfer of data, making the timing much less critical. The transfer rate is still

laster than a 2400 baud interface.

One half of a 74LS123 one shot is used to make the strobe pulse for the printer (see Fig. 1). The TRS80 strobe pulse is fed to the one shot and the output pulse, now five microseconds wide, is used for the printer strobe pulse. This strobe pulse is also fed to the other half of the 74LS123. This one shot is triggered by the trailing edge of the strobe pulse. The timing of this one shot generates an output pulse ap-

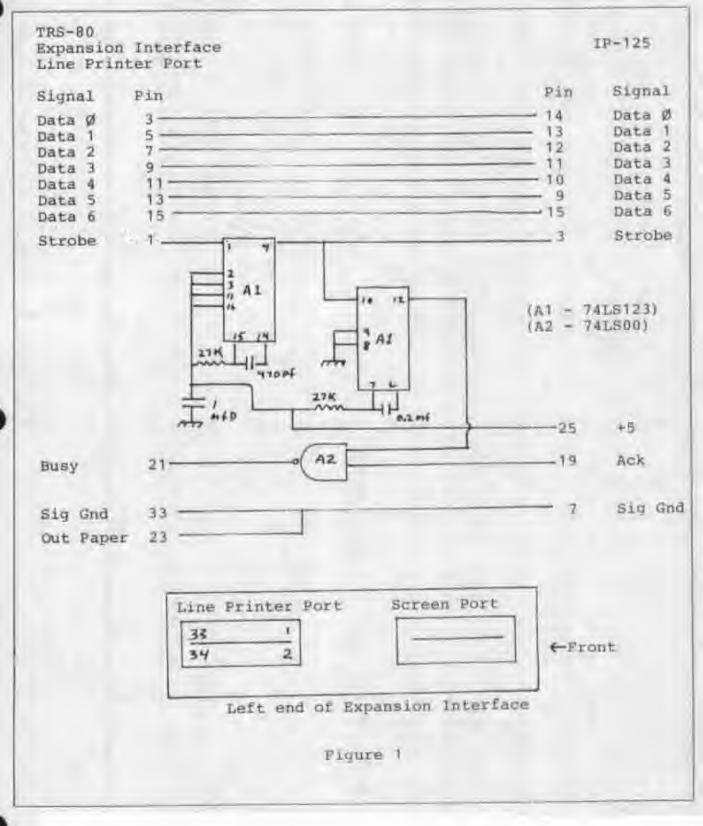
proximately three milliseconds wide. This is the artificial "busy" signal. It is low when busy and high when not busy. The printer acknowledge signal has the same polarity. These two signals are fed to a two input nand gate (74LS00). Both signals must be high (not busy), for the output of the gate to be low. This low is the "not busy" signal for the TRS80.

All data lines are fed directly. The five volts for the interface is obtained from the printer (Pin 25). A piece of perf board one and one-half inches square provides space for the interface. It is located at the printer end of a five foot cable.

There are a few things to remember for anyone using the interface described here. There are no "OUT PAPER" or "FAULT" signals provided by the printer. OUT PAPER on the TRS80 is pulled low by this interface. FAULT is made high by the TRS80, I did not provide a "printer on" signal to the TRS80; it thinks the printer is turned on, even when it isn't. This could easily be changed by using the printer five volts as control. I chose not to do this. If you POKE the printer driver address into the display driver as described in 80-US No 2. then you should use the printer's smallest print. The reason for this is that control code 31 is the printer code for the smallest character (16.5 CPI). If you are using larger characters, a CLS in the program will change the print to the smallest size. Any programs written for a printer will function normally.

I am very happy with the IP-125. I particularly like the auto line feed, the software controlled character style and although I don't have the tower case modification for the display, the IP-

125 will print lower case.



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